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FOREIGN SERVICE ACT AMENDMENTS OF 1960

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June 16, 1960.—Committed to the Committee of the Whole House on the State of the Union and ordered to be printed,

Mr. Hays, from the Committee on Foreign Affairs, submitted the following

#### REPORT

[To accompany H.R. 12547]

The Committee on Foreign Affairs, to whom was referred the bill (H.R. 12547), to amend the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended, and for other purposes, having considered the same, report favorably thereon with amendments and recommend that the bill as amended do pass.

The amendments are as follows:

Page 14, beginning in line 21, strike out "for a period not to exceed

Page 20, line 18, strike out "section" and insert "paragraph". Page 20, line 25, strike out "section" and insert "paragraph". Page 48, line 18, strike out "through" and insert "though".

#### COMMITTEE ACTION

In January 1959, the Acting Secretary of State transmitted to the House of Representatives and to the Senate a request for legislation to amend the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended. This was referred to the Subcommittee on State Department Organization and Foreign Operations which held a series of hearings early in 1960 on S. 2633 that had passed the Senate in the closing days of the 1st session of the 86th Congress.

Action by the subcommittee was interrupted by consideration by the full committee of the Mutual Security Act of 1960. At the conclusion of House action on that measure, the subcommittee again held bearings in June 1960 and ordered reported to the full committee a yean bill, H.R. 12547. At its meeting on June 14, 1960, the Committee on Foreign Affairs ordered reported H.R. 12547 with amendments.

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The Hall 12547 is concerned principally with amendments to the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended. In 1955 and 1956 Congress passed legislation to facilitate the program for the integration of departmental personnel with the Foreign Service. At the same time it authorized various improvements such as educational allowances, increased medical benefits, and other benefits to make the Foreign Service more attractive to young Americans seeking a career in overseas service.

The amendments contained in this bill reflect the experience of 14 years of operation under the 1946 act and are based upon studies made by the Department to make the Service more responsive to current needs. The amendments fall into three major categories. First, provision is made for a new class structure for the Foreign Service Staff. The participation of certain members of the Staff in the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability System is also included. Second, the bill clarifies certain existing provisions of the Foreign Service Act and, in the interest of improved management, makes possible greater flexibility in utilizing Foreign Service personnel. Third, the bill makes improvements in the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability System, the first major changes since 1946.

The following categories of Foreign Service personnel are referred

to in the bill and in the report,

(a) Chiefs of Mission.—Appointed by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. There are four classes of chiefs of mission.

(b) Foreign Service officers.—Appointed by the President by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. There are eight numerical classes of Foreign Service officers plus the classes of career minister

and career ambassador.

(c) Foreign Service Reserve officers.—Appointed by the Secretary for a temporary period not to exceed 5 years. The officer may be reappointed for an additional 5 years if such reappointment is deemed to be in the public interest. The term "Reserve" bears no relation to the military use of the word. A Foreign Service Reserve officer may more properly be described as a temporary officer. Upon completion of his assignment, the Department of State, unlike the armed services, cannot require him to serve again. The eight numerical classes of Reserve officers are identical with those of the Foreign Service officers.

(d) Foreign Service Staff officers and employees.— Appointed by the Secretary for work of a technical, administrative, clerical, or custodial

nature. There are 22 classes of Staff personnel.

(c) Alien clerks and employees .- Appointed locally in the field by

the principal officer at each post.

References in this report to "the act" refer to the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended.

#### Analysis of Sections

Section 1. Short title

This section provides that this act may be cited as the "Foreign Service Act Amendments of 1960."

Section 2. Foreign Service Staff officers and employees (sec. 415)

This section amends section 415 of the act in two respects. This section reduces the number of classes for Foreign Service Staff per-

# Approved For Release 1999/08/27 classes - RDP78-03721A000400020004-0

Sound Hone classes to 46 classes. Tersons in these classes are primarily technical specialists and secretarial-clarical employees whose work is essential to the effective operation of the Foreign Service. Unlike the Classification Act structure, Foreign Service classes start with the high numbers and work up toward the low numbers. This class 10 is lower than class 9; the highest numerical class is class 1 Classes 22 through 15 have been used very infrequently in recent years. Because alien employees are used extensively for the perfection of routine duties at posts abroad, there are low cases where formance of routine duties at posts abroad, there are fow cases where U.S. citizen employees are required for the level of duties rapresented by these classes. The proposed 10-class schedule will provide, reasonable number of levels in relation to the duties and responsibilities carried out by Staff personnel.

The modifications made in the Foreign Service Staff salary schedule by this section complement those made in the Foreign Service officer salary schedule in 1956. The new schedule provides a more adequate promotion ludder for Staff personnel, including equitable and appropriate salary adjustment when promotions are made to the next higher class. The rates of the top three Foreign Service Staff classes under the proposed schedule are the same as the rates contained in classes 3, 4, and 5, respectively, of the Foreign Service officer salary schedule. This provides equitable salary treatment for personnel serving at these officer levels and will facilitate the conversion of Staff personnel at these levels who may qualify in the future for lateral entry into the Foreign Service officer category. It consolidates overlapping classes and eliminates overlapping at the top levels. Section 49 of the bill (see p. 27 of this report) contains provisions for the conversion of the existing 22 classes to the proposed 10 classes.

A new paragraph (b) is added to section 415 which would authorize the Secretary of State, by administrative action, to prescribe lesser rates of salary than those contained in the Foreign Service Staff statutory salary schedule in the case of U.S. citizen employees who are employed locally in foreign areas for service at a particular post and who are not available or who are not qualified for transfer to other posts of duty.

There are occasions when it is not only desirable but necessary, to recruit Americans abroad to meet special requirements or emergency situations. It may be desirable to employ a receptionist who speaks the local language. It may be possible, particularly in a country in which a difficult language is spoken, to employ the wife of an American businessman residing permanently in the country if she speaks the local language. Again, the shortage of acceptable living quarters for American girls may be reason to employ as a typist the daughter of an American serving a tour as foreign representative of a U.S. company. This section will enable the Secretary to equate more nearly the salaries paid to such Staff personnel to rates prevailing in the particular country. The authority contained in this paragraph is not intended to provide a "cheap labor" policy. Its purpose is to meet an unusual and often critical need.

Section 3. Salaries at which Foreign Service Staff officers and employees may be appointed (sec. 416)

Under the existing provisions of section 416, Staff officers and employees must be appointed at the minimum salary of the class to which appointment is made rexcept when subclasses are established

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by regulations). Many Stuff personnel enter the Foreign Service by transfer from another Government agency where they have intready attained within-grade salary increases during their Government agency where they have intready attained within-grade salary increases during their Government agency where they have intready increases the antiority given the salary rates adjusted subsequently under the authority given the Secretary in section 442 to grant within-daily increases to Staff officers and employees. The language of this bill would provide a direct grant of legislative authority for this purpose. The new subsection 416(a) will enable the Secretary to take into account the qualifications and experience of prospective candidates from other recruitment sources in fixing an appropriate entering salary.

The new subsection 416(a) will enable the Secretary to take into account the qualifications and experience of prospective candidates from other recruitment sources in fixing an appropriate entering salary. Thus, a highly experienced secretary who has worked in private and playment could be offered a higher starting salary than an inexperienced business-school graduate, neither of whom has had previous

Government experience.

The new subsection 416(b) would enable the Secretary to take into account the needs of the Service in fixing appointment salaries. In an exceedingly tight labor market, the Secretary could prescribe an above-the-minimum rate as the minimum rate for a particular type of skill that was in short supply and which required special training, such as security technicians and electronics engineers. In the event the Secretary should make such a determination, serious morale problems would arise unless adjustments were made also in the salaries of the employees in the same class and occupational group whose salaries were less than the rate prescribed for new appointees. Authority already exists to appoint Foreign Service officers and Foreign Service Reserve officers at salary rates above the minimum rate of the class to which appointment is made. The language in this bill would bring the Staff category into line with those in the other categories.

Section 4. Salaries of alien clerks and employees (sec. 417)

This is a technical amendment.

Section 5. Chiefs of mission (sec. 431)

This section is intended to clarify section 431 of the act governing the termination of the services of chiefs of mission. The latter section has been subject to a number of different interpretations and has been difficult to administer equitably. The amended language establishes that the service of a chief of mission shall be terminated upon the date he returns to his place of residence but in no case later than 50 days after relinquishing his duties as chief of mission including time spent in transit. During this period he may be required to render such services as the Secretary may deem necessary in the interests of the Government. The Secretary will determine the period of time that a chief of mission may remain on the rolls after relinquishing his duffes. The 50 days provided in this section is a maximum period and not a standard or average period.

Section 6. Classification of positions in the Foreign Service and in the Department (sec. 441)

This section modifies section 441 of the act in several respects. The present language of the act draws a distinction between the FSO FSR categories on the one hand and the FSS entegory on the other in classifying positions abroad to be filled by American personnel. In a worldwide service it is essential that American Foreign Service

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personnel be assigned according to the needs of the Service, with due
togerd to the availability of personnel, health problems, and other
pertinent considerations. The new lenguage provides a uniform basis
for classifying positions, regardless of the essence of american
retropped, used in staffing positions managed out to notife figure to
This section also authorizes the Secretary to classify positions in the
Department without regard to the Classification Act of 1949, as
amended in those instances where the determines the positions are of
such a character as to justify their designation as Foreign Service
Officer positions. When a position, subject to the Classification Act
of 1949, is filled by a person other than an officer of the Procing of 1949, is filled by a person other than an officer of the Foreign Service, it would continue to be classified in accordance with the provisions of the Classification Act. Classification under the provisions sions of this section would be inoperative until such position is filled by a Foreign Service officer. and we n'esercine flew emperes ingree

Section 7. Compensation plans for alien employées (sec. 444)

This section is a clarification and simplification of section 444 of the act that deals with compensation for alien employees hired overseas. The new language will permit the establishment of wage and salary schedules for such employees to be based upon local prevailing pay practices for corresponding types of positions in the locality.

The new paragraph (b) confers authority upon other Government agencies to utilize the provisions of this act in their employment of alien personnel abroad. This will enable all Federal agencies employing such personnel to operate as a single employer by providing uniform employment conditions for all alien employees of the Government in a particular foreign labor market area who are working under similar conditions,

Section 8. Hazardous duty pay for couriers (sec. 446)

This section replaces the former section 446 in the act (which was an obsolete provision relating to exemption of the Foreign Service from the Classification Act of 1923) and would permit the Secretary to prescribe rates of pay not in excess of 15 percent of basic salary for individuals assigned to duty as couriers. Couriers are on duty a minimum of 170 hours a month, most of it spent in flying. They must travel constantly regardless of flight conditions, using a variety of air services, many of which do not maintain the same level of safety requirements as U.S. commercial airlines. During the past several years a number have died in service and others have sustained serious injury.

Hazardous duty compensation is well established in the military services. The differential authorized by this section is below that of the military. Considering the hazards and hardships inherent in courier duty, the committee is convinced that some monetary incentive is merited. The average courier now serves about 4 years. It is the commiftee's hope that the differential pay will induce qualified couriers to remain longer in the service.

Section 9. Policy statement on qualifications for assignment of chiefs of mission and Foreign Service officers (sec. 500)

This section adds a new section 500 to the act, stating that chiefs of mission and Foreign Service officers shall have to the maximum practicable extent a knowledge of the language, culture, history, and

Approved For Release 1999/08/27: CIA-RDP78-03721A000400020004-0 institutions of the countries in which they serve. This statement emphasizes congressional concern that our representatives abroad be knowledgeable about the country in which they serve. It is the committee's expectation that this statement will result in an intensification of the Department's language training and orientation biogram.

> Section 10. Admission of Foreign Service officers directly to class ? (sec. 516)

Subsection 10(a) is a technical amendment:

Subsection 10(b) adds a new subsection (b) to section 516 to permit the appointment directly to class FSO-7 of a limited number of persons who have qualified for FSO-8 appointments under the provisions of this section. It is the understanding of the committee that such appointments will be restricted by the Department to mature and experienced candidates who (1) are at least 28-years old; (2) have a record of graduate training or of employment in government or industry which clearly demonstrates ability or special skills; and (3) have a competence in a modern foreign language. Under existing legislation it has been necessary for some older and more experienced individuals to take salary reductions to accept appointment at the same level as younger men recently out of college. A study of the background of recent appointees to the Service indicates that not more than 15 to 20 percent would qualify. Given the standards that the Department will apply, the committee believes that the opportunity offered by this new subsection will attract a larger number of qualified applicants.

Section 11. Admission to classes 1 to 7, inclusive (sec. 517)

This section amends section 517 of the act in two particulars. Authority to appoint to class 7 persons who qualify by examination without the requirement that they must previously have served in class 8 is retained. The change is in conformity with the amendment

made to section 516 of the act by section 10 of the bill.

Subsection (b) deletes the language in existing law that establishes a ceiling on lateral appointments to the Foreign Service officer category, Lateral entry refers to the appointment of individuals to classes 1 through 7 in the Foreign Service officer category, depending upon the age and experience of the appointee. The ceiling was incorporated in the act by Public Law 22, 84th Congress, and further amended by Public Law 828, 84th Congress. Its purpose was to protect the career concept of the Foreign Service and to insure that departmental personnel who were integrated in the Service met the standards of the Service and were not blanketed en masse. This program has now been completed. There is a continuing need for personnel with specialized skills. Opportunity to appoint such individuals is possible either by appointment as a Foreign Service Reserve officer (if they are in private life) or by lateral entry into the Foreign Service officer category of those who have previous Government experience. The continuation of these provisions will permit the Foreign Service to maintain its career and nonpartisan features and keep it free from favoritism and influence. At the same time it will enable the Service to avail itself of a limited number of qualified individuals as the needs require

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Section 12. Reappointment, recall, or reemployment of Foreign Service

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Section 520 of the act is amended in several ways by this section. Subsection (a) is a technical amendment to the heading of section 520 of the set.

Subsection (b) removes the present requirement that Foreign Service officers who leave the Service by resignation or retirement and later seek reinstatement must have served continuously in the Govern ment between the time of leaving the Foreign Service and the time of reappointment to the Service. On occasion, the health of the officer or of his family may require him to resign. If the situation changes and he is again able to serve abroad, it is in the best interests of the Government that he be reappointed. Since he has already established his qualifications for appointment, the provisions governing lateral

entry would not be applicable.

Subsection (c) amends the circumstances under which a retired Foreign Service officer may be temporarily recalled to duty. The new language deletes the provision which requires determination of an emergency as a basis for recall and substitutes the provision that recall must be in the public interest. The Department has occasion to use the services of retired Foreign Service officers for work on special study groups, assignment to selection boards or to deal with specific problems of which they have expert knowledge. None of these examples constitutes an emergency under existing law. The new language would make it possible for the Department to avail itself of the individual's skill and experience in other than emergency situations. The salary paid an officer who is recalled would be that of the class in which he was serving at the time of his retirement.

A new subsection (c) is added to section 520 of the act, permitting a Foreign Service officer who is retired for age to be reemployed in any Government agency. This provision is similar to that in section 13(a) of the Civil Service Retirement Act. Most FSO's are mandatorily retired at age 60. Some of them possess experience and ability that make them useful to other agencies. This subsection would authorize the reemployment now prohibited by law of these officers

if their services are needed.

Section 13. Reinstatement of Reserve officers (sec. 528)

This is a technical change to conform with the current reference to the Classification Act of 1949, as amended.

Section 14. Limited and probationary appointments for Staff (sec. 531)

This section is a revision of section 531 of the act. Its purpose is to clarify the authority of the Secretary to prescribe regulations governing appropriate types of appointments of Staff personnel in terms of tenure, i.e., temporary, limited, probationary, and permanent-type appointments. A temporary appointment is specifically limited in duration to 1 year or less. A limited appointment is one made for a specified time in excess of 1 year. It terminates at the end of the specified period, or the expiration of the special program for which employed, or when the need for the employee's services no longer

Approved For Release 1999/08/27 CIA-RDP78-03721A000400020004-0 are made in order that the needs of the Service may be better served for periods of relatively short duration.

The new language also authorizes the Secretary to establish a probationary period of appropriate length. Staff personnel now serve a 2-year probationary period. This is regarded by the Department as a suitable period of time to assess the individual from the viewpoint of competence and of adjustment to service overseas.

This section further provides that Staff officers and employees who lack tenure either because of the temporary or limited period of the response of the response

lack tenure either because of the temporary or limited period of their appointment or because they are still in a probationary status may be separated from the Service without regard to those sections of the act that cover separation of Staff personnel because of unsatisfactory performance of duty, misconduct, or malfeasance.

Section 15. Assignments and transfers of Staff officers (sec. 1532)

This section is a revision of section 532 of the act. Its purpose is to simplify the language regarding assignments and transfers of Staff officers to correspond more closely to the comparable provisions for Foreign Service officers. It also reflects more clearly the intent of the amended section 441 relating to the classification of positions. The language of section 532 dealing with promotion has been deleted since it is covered in section 641.

Section 16. Assignment to any Government agency or international organization (sec. 571)

Subsection (a) amends section 571(a) of the act to establish clearly the authority of the Secretary to assign or detail in his discretion officers or employees of the Service to any international organization, international commission, or international body as well as to any Government agency. The language is broadened by subsection (b) to include appointments made by the President alone, e.g. appointment as a member of the International Boundary Commission. Appointments are presently restricted to those made by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. During service in any of these agencies or organizations a Foreign Service officer will retain his status in the Service.

The language of the new paragraph (c) of section 571 climinates the salary differential presently paid a Foreign Service officer or an employee of the Service who is assigned to a position in the Department that is designated as a Foreign Service Officer position and that carries a selary higher than his Foreign Service salary. This change is in conformity with the amendment to section 441 of the act (see sec. 6 of the bill) which permits the Secretary to classify departmental positions designated as Foreign Service Officer positions under Foreign Service standards rather than Classification Act standards. Officers or employees assigned to non-FSO positions in the Department, or to positions in agencies other than the Department of State, or toofficial delegations or missions to international bodies will receive a salary differential if the basic minimum salary rate of such position is greater than their Foreign Service salary.

A new section 571(e) is added to the act by subsection 16(e). The purpose is to grant a housing allowance to Foreign Service personnel who are assigned to duty in the continental United States and to officers of classes 7 and 8 assigned to duty prior to duty abroad. This

Approved For Release 1999/08/27 in CIA-RDP78-037-21A0004-0020004-0 the Subcommittee on State Department Organization and Foreign Operations discussed fully the need for this allowance. Although this new provision does not have the approval of the Bureau of the Budget, the committee is convinced that the provision is not only destrable out

necessary for the effective operation of the Sorvice.

Under existing legislation departmental positions covered by the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, may be occupied by Foreign Service personnel. If such a position carries a salary higher than the Foreign Service salary of the incumbent, he may receive the higher salary. Under the amendment made to section 441(b) by this bill, the Secretary is authorized to classify positions designated as Foreign Service Officer positions according to Foreign Service standards. Under the amendment made to section 571(c) by this bill, no differential can be paid to Foreign Service personnel holding such positions. Current payments of the differential will be climinated by the amondment carried in this bill. The effect will be to reduce the take-home

pay of Foreign Service personnel holding such positions. The Foreign Service, like the military service, is a mobile service in which a tour of duty in Washington constitutes only a small part of an officer's total service. Ownership or rental of a home while in the United States is both temporary and costly for the individual. He is a transient buyer who acquires little or no equity and may be forced to sell at an unreasonably low price when he is transferred. Assignment to the Department which should be a normal part of an individual's career imposes a real hardship on him. This is particularly the case of officers with dependent children who find the cost of housing here out of all proportion to their salary. The committee noted that military personnel and personnel of the Public Health Service, both of whom serve under conditions similar to that of the Foreign Service, receive housing allowances while stationed in the United States. Based upon studies made by the Department the proposed

assigned to duty in the United States. In 1946, when Congress passed the Foreign Service Act, the committee made this observation:

allowance will meet only about half of the housing costs of personnel

There is perhaps no phase of Foreign Service administration about which there is more general agreement than that connected with the problem of insuring that Foreign Service personnel should come to the United States as often as possible to renew their knowledge of developments in the United : States and their feeling for the American way of life.

Events in the intervening , cars give increased meaning to that statement. Improvements have been made in the Foreign Service since 1946 to make assignments abroad more attractive by relieving individuals who have modest or limited means of undue financial hardship. The committee is strongly of the opinion that similar consideration should be given in the assignment of individuals to the United States.

The committee understands that Foreign Service personnel assigned to Hawair are presently receiving a territorial cost of living allowance as determined by the Civil Service Commission (17% percent of basic salary), which includes as one of the elements thereof a housing allowance. Subsection (e) provides a differential to assist in defraying

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ments abroad. The committee, however, does not intendithat Foreign Service personnel epittled to receive the differential under subsection (e) ishall tecoive also the territorial cost of living allowated

Section 17. Assignments to foreign povernments (sec. 575)

This is a technical change to bring up to date the statutory THE BOTH THE HISTORIA

Section 18. Foreign language knowledge prerequisite to assignment odi (sec. 578), francis mongarahan managarah matari Popular

This section inserts a new section 578 in the act. Its purpose is to accelerate the foreign-language competence of personnel overseas by requiring the Secretary to determine annually the number of Foreign Service Officer positions in a foreign country that shall be occupied only by officers who have a useful knowledge of a language or dialect commonly used in that country. After Docember 31, 1968, the Secretary would be required to maintain a prescribed quota of lan-

guage officers for each country.

The committee believes that improved language competence of our overseas personnel is not only desirable but necessary if they are to be effective representatives of the United States. At the same time it is aware of difficult administrative and staffing problems that will be created if a rigid and immediate requirement were made that in each country specific positions were to be occupied only by officers with a capacity in the local language. To provide some measure of flexibility the committee is recommending a requirement for an overall post quota rather than the designation of particular positions that must be filled by officers with language proficiency. Under special or emergency conditions the Secretary may make exceptions to this policy.

This section further provides that the Secretary shall establish foreign language standards for assignment abroad of Foreign Service personnel and that he shall arrange language training for such personnel. These provisions would enable the Secretary, and in turn each chief of mission, to make the most effective possible utilization of

language officers where their services are most needed.

Section 19. Within-class salary increases of Foreign Service officers and Reserve officers (sec. 625)

The language in this section amends section 625 of the act to grant in-class salary increases without regard to the cash awards provided by the Government Employees' Incentive Awards Act (title III, Public Law 763, 83d Coug.). Frequently an officer serves for long periods in positions classified several levels above his personal rank. In other cases officers undertake the study of, and become proficient in, difficult foreign languages on their own initiative. These are examples of the kinds of service that can best be rewarded by an in-class salary increase, providing a continuing and more desirable incentive. Normally such outstanding service will result in earlier promotion. In those cases, however, where an officer is not eligible for promotion it will be possible under this section to give him some recognition. The committee expects that this provision will be used sparingly and regards a single in-class increase as generally sufficient. Only under

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warranted.

Section 20. Relationship between promotions and functional and geographic specialization (sec. 826)

This section adds a new section 625 to the act expressing the policy that more functional and geographic area specialization is needed in the Foreign Service and prohibiting such specialization from prejudicing promotions of officers through class 1. This section was inserted by the Senate committee to stimulate specialization without projudicing the career of the specialist. The language gives congress. prejudicing the career of the specialist. The language gives congressional endorsement to the Department's administrative policy on this matter as expressed in precepts to selection boards. Instruction to the boards direct them-

to give positive recognition to the fact that the needs of the present day Foreign Service require that many of the officers become specialists in one or more of the functional areas of Foreign Service work.

In approving this section the committee recognizes that specialization that is too intense or that starts too early in a career may result in officers with a range of knowledge and experience that limits their availability in a mobile worldwide service. It will be necessary for the Department to project for some years ahead anticipated deficiencies of specialists in particular areas and plan its personnel policies accordingly. This is a matter that must be kept under continuous study.

Section 21. Separation of officers and employees from the Service

This is a technical conforming amendment.

In connection with the consideration of separation of officers from the Service, the committee had occasion to review the selection out procedure. Several cases known to the committee, one of which occurred recently, were discussed. The officer in this case was given a list of descriptive adjectives that were alleged to represent his deficiencies. The committee does not regard such a list as meaningful. If the evidence before the selection board is thorough enough to warrant the individual's selection out, he ought to be furnished at the minimum with an accurate and reasonably complete summary of the deficiencies noted by the board. The committee is of the opinion that all officers who fall into the lowest 10 percent of their class should be formally notified in writing of this fact together with a summary of their deficiencies. Should these not be corrected by the officer concerned and it becomes necessary for subsequent selection boards to separate such officers in the best interests of the service, the officer involved will have had an adequate warning and no basis for complaint.

Section 22. Foreign Service officers who are career ambassadors or career ministers (sec. 631)

This section broadens the provisions of section 631 of the act covering the mandatory retirement of career ambassadors and career ministers. Such officers must retire at age 65 unless they are serving as a chief of mission. The new language would permit those who are serving in a position to which they have been appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, e.g., an

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The new language as amended by the committee permits the Secretary to extend the active service of officers in these two classes if he determines that it is in the public interest. The present law restricts specific exceptions to the determination of the existence of all emergency but in no case to exceed 5 years. The amended language will permit the Secretary to avail bimself of the services of a career ambassador of career minister beyond the mandatory retirement age when such officer has a unique knowledge or experience. It is expected that this provision will be used sparingly.

Section 23. Foreign Service officers who are not career ambassadors or career ministers (sec. 632)

This action amends section 632 of the act. It covers officers below the class of career minister and Staff officers and employees who become participants in the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability System, all of whom are mandatorily retired at age 60, and permits the Secretary to extend their services for a period not to exceed 5 years beyond such mandatory retirement age.

Section 24. Selection-out benefits (sec. 634)

This section amends section 634 of the act. In addition to clarifying the language in that section, it authorizes the Secretary in special circumstances to accelerate or "combine" the installments of the severance-payment of up to but not exceeding 1 year's salary, without interest, which is already authorized by law. Such benefits are presently paid in three annual installments. There are circumstances, however, when it may be desirable to accelerate payments in accordance with an officer's needs. The amended language will give the Secretary discretion to make such an acceleration.

Section 25. Foreign Service officers retired from class 7 or 8 (sec. 635)

This section amends section 635 of the act to provide for the probationary status of any Foreign Service officer of class 7 who is appointed initially to that class under the provisions of section 546(b) of the act as amended by this bill. (See sec. 10 above.)

Section 26. Voluntary retirement (sec. 036)

This section substitutes "participant in the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability System" for "Foreign Service officer." The new language conforms with other changes made in this bill to include certain Staff officers in the retirement system.

Section 27. Class promotion of Staff personnel (sec. 641)

This section amends section 641 to emphasize the principle that the promotion of Staff officers and employees to a higher class shall be on a competitive basis in relation to performance and ment rather than on the basis of a vacant position in a higher class. This puts Staff personnel on the same basis as Foreign Service officers with respect to promotion.

Section 28. Within-class and longerity salary increases (sec. 642)

"Two amendments are made by this section to section 642 of the act. Paragraph (a) of section 642 is revised to provide the Secretary with the same authority to great Staff personnel within-class salary



# Approved For Release 1999/08/27: CIA-RDP78-03721A000400020004-0 increases as a reward for meritorious service as that contained in

section 625 as amended for granting similar increases to Foreign Service officers and Foreign Service Reserve officers.

The new section 642(b) authorizes the Secretary to establish a system of longevity increases for Staff personnel. The principle of longevity pay is well established in industry. The Classification Act covering a large segment of Federal employees incorporates that

Although the work performed by Staff personnel is essential and important to the effective functioning of the Service, the nature of the duties and the qualifications required impose automatic limitations on promotional opportunities. There is the additional factor that a number of the older Staff employees could not qualify for integration into the Foreign Service officer category with its greater opportunities for advancement. This has created something of a morale problem which can be alleviated in part by the provisions of this section. The longevity pay system will meet a definite need in providing an incentive for qualified and experienced employees to continue in the Service, thereby assuring the availability of essential skills with a minimum of turnover and cost.

It is not intended that longevity or proficiency increases will be awarded automatically. It is contemplated by the committee that longevity increases will recognize length of service and above average proficiency. The longevity periods will be established by regulations prescribed by the Secretary but no individual may receive more than four such increases while serving in the same class.

Proficiency increases are intended to reward superior performance of personnel principally in the intermediate and lower rank and clerical employees. As in the case of such increases for Foreign Service officers and Foreign Service Reserve officers, the committee expects that this provision will be used sparingly and regards a single in-class increase as generally sufficient. The Department should establish the ground rules under which the increases will be made.

Section 29: Orientation and language training of spouses (sec. 701)

This section amends section 701 of the act by adding two sentences to provide authority for spouses of Foreign Service personnel to receive language, orientation and other training. The committee has for a number of years emphasized the importance of training in these fields for the spouse as well as the officer because each has a definite place in the representational unit. The proposed addition will give the Secretary authority to provide orientation and language training to spouses of officers and employees of the Government who are to serve abroad. Since such training will be on a "space available" basis, it may be given at the Foreign Service Institute or elsewhere, including posts abroad.

Section 30. Alien instructo s. incentives for acquiring skills in "difficult" languages (sec. 20%)

Subsection (a) is a technical amendment.

Since World War II a change has occurred in the language requirements for the Foreign Service. Many of the new nations in Asia and Africa take pride in their own languages, which are not generally taught in American schools. The time for use of interpreters is past, nor have they be a found entirely reliable. These languages are the ones in which training is argently needed

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Subsection (b) is designed to fill the gap in two ways. It gives the Secretary authority to employ on the staff of the Institute on to contract for the services of aliens to offer instruction in language and area training. The main purpose of the language and orients for ourses is to give the student speaking and reading proficiency in a language and an intimate knowledge of the area of a country or region as the needs of the Service require. This often can best be done by invisiting instructors who are recent emigres, who have not yet had an opportunity to obtain American citizenship, or who are in the country for a tunity to obtain American citizenship, or who are in the country for short period of time. Many departments of the Government already have legislative authority to use aliens in certain circumstances, such as the Departments of the Army and the Navy, Agriculture, Justice CIA, the National Security Agency, USIA and the Public Health Service. the Force

A further provision of the amendment adds a new subsection (b) to the act to encourage officers and employees of the Service to agquire proficiency in esoteric languages. Experience has shown that there is a shortage of officers who can be assigned to this task. The intrinsic difficulty of the languages, the willingness of the officer to immerse himself in the particular culture, and his ability to tolerate living conditions at the posts where the language is used, are all factors making it virtually essential to rely upon volunteers. To provide a monetary incentive for these difficult studies the Department is planning a formula which ascribes to each of these languages a number of points on a uniform basis: More points to the most difficult languages, to those spoken at the fewest posts, having the least number of positions and used in the fewest countries, and to those whose posts have the most unattractive living conditions. This list will be revised annually thus making it possible to add or to remove certain languages or to give different point credit in the light of changing circumstances.

While most officers will attain a professional skill in only one esoteric language, there are some officers already who have such competence in two or more languages, and there are others who will follow in their footsteps. Since the value of an officer to the Service is enhanced by his command of more than one esoteric language (e.g. Korean and Japanese, or Chinese and Japanese) reward for a second or third language capability seems justified if held within reasonable bounds. It is proposed that an officer be eligible to receive up to but not in excess of \$1,800 a year in combined incentive payments so long as the officer is using such languages or can show that he is maintaining his proficiency in such languages. The committee understands that no officer will be eligible to receive both incentive payments under this section, and a within-class salary increase under section 625 of the act, for acquiring proficiency in the same esoteric languages.

#### AMENDMENTS TO TITLE VIII MADE BY SECTION 31 THROUGH SECTION 45

Title VIII of the act covers the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability System. The amendments to that title contained in sections 31 through 45 of the bill are the first major amendments to this title since the act was passed in 1946. The general effect of the amendments is to bring the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability System more nearly into agreement with the civil service retirement system. The following table offers a comparison of the two systems including the amendments proposed by this bill to the Foreign Service retirement system (col. 5).

visions of the civil service	Comments	Most Staff officers and employees and Portein Service Reserve officers are presently correct by CSR,  Do.  CSR provides maximum 80 percent high 5 arease. TSR provides maximum 70 percent high 5 arease.  CSR provides maximum 70 percent high 5 arease.  FSR provides anythrowhip benefits comparable to those of CSR.  Important difference in the FSR provides in the first particular and the FSR provides in the first particular and the FSR provides in the first particular and
System with pertinent pro	(5) Proposals	Includes Foreign Bervice Elegan (FSS) officers and employ- ess with D of more years of continuous gervice in the Foreign Service.  Increase rate to the percent of employee's beate salery.  Agency contribution of the percent of employee's beate salery.  Provides and employee's beate salery.  do
ability	(4) Section	8 <u>8</u> 8 2 2
the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability System with pertinent provisions of	(3) Present provisions FSR	All FSO's, plus non-FSO's who have served as chiefs of mission for an agregate partial of 20 years or more.  5 percent of employee's basic salary.  No provision.  Mattmum of 10 percent of tonin basic salary revived sine July 1, 1858. Payable in multiples of 1 percent.  Based on high 3 servage years of salary 2 percent times total number years of salary 2.  Reduced joint and surrivore ship and resilved annually 18 smaller of 34 service of 34 of his reduced annually. Smaller of 34 service of 34 of his reduced annually. Annuity ends only upon death of widow.
	(2) CSR	Government employees generally anless temporary, intermitent or subject to another feedmal retirement system.  63 percent of employee's basic salary.  Agency contribution of 643 percent of total basic salary.  Adatimum to percent of total basic salary.  Anutif.—Based on high 5 average years of salary 139 percent times a subject salary treceived since Aug. 1, 1920. Fayable in multiples of \$23.  Anutif.—Based on high 5 average years of salary 134 percent times a subject salary sears of salary 134 percent times a subject salary sears, plus 2 percent times all years over 10 years of meditable service. Anutify not to exceed 90 percent of high 5 average salary.  Government for the first of the first of the careed any widower of the surface of dependent child.  Praic general formula.—Wilden on on widower if survivor annutiv selected hy retiring employee): 5, 50 fall or white ever portion of earned annutiv specified as base.  Annutiv specified as base.
Comparison of major proposed change	(i) Hems	A. Coverage.  J. Compulsory.  2. Voluntary  1. Annultants.  2. Reduced annu 'r.e.  2. Reduced annu'res.  3. Survivor annulties:

	16 se	DREIGN SERVICE A	CT AMENDMENTS	QF.196Q
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	€.	Compensor 72	FSB same as GSB.	American American	Doe of Carlo
		Proposide	Employee's annuity reduced by 2½ percent of 1st \$2,400 of any amount specified as been for survivor beneath amount over \$2,400 ap 'to the full amount of employee's amunity if specified. Elimitates pertired.	pout's option to have his annuity reduced by an additional 5 percent of amount elected for whole with a provision that should be survive her, his amulity would be restored to full amount without survivorable.	A surviving wife or bush band; do pertent of server manched by mumber of children; seoo; et al. 800 divided, by number of children; whichever is lesser.  No sarriving wife or has bond; is sworge many divided by number of children; sworge many divided by number of children; whichever is lesser.  Children annuties terminate at set is for on recovery from incapacity siter 15, marriage or death. On terminate or death.
, ,	<b>(F)</b>	Section			
retirenent system—Continued	9	Present provisions FSR	Participant's annuity reduced by 45 of amount elected for witlow if not more than 8 years older than wife; if more than 8 years older than wife; if cent of widow's annuity for each year of ferefor the difference exception before the difference exception the difference exceptions.	years, Participant may also elect to have his annuly reduced by an additional provision of a provision that should be survive her, his annuly would be rescored to full amount without survivor.	No provision.
reti	(2)	CSR	Employee's annuity reduced by 245 percent of 1st \$2,400 of sny amount specified as base for survivor benefits plus 10 percent of the amount over \$2,400 up to the full amount of employee's annuity, if specified.	•	Children: A surriving wife or husband; 40 percent of average salary divided by number of children, \$600; or \$1,800 divided by number of children, whichever is lesser. No surriving wife or husband; \$4 servage salary divided by number of children, \$720; or \$2,160 divided by number of children, whichever is lesser. Children, whichever is lesser. At a see a few on recovery from incapacity after 18; marriage or death on the recovery from incapacity after 18; marriage or death of the salary hand; a smouthy by death, wife of husband; a smouthy by death, hand; a samutity by death,
	(1)	Items	itencits—Continued 3. Survivor annuities—Continued (a) Married participant	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

		FSR does not reguire that the designated befightedary have an insurable inferest.	FSR provides continuation of vertow's annuty until desting and allows the survivor to receive the annuty based on at least 30 years of service.	F8R same as CSR.	<b>9.</b> 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	(b) Customered	
	annulines of surviving children are recomputed as though person whose annuling was terminated had not, survived decessed em-	Destructed beneficiary: 14 of participant's reduced annuity. Refuring employees annuity. Refuring employees annuity reduced 10 to 40 percent depending on difference between his age and age of person designated to receive survivor annuity. Survivor's annuity continues for life.	Widow or dependent widower:  1/4 of participant's earned armulty payable until death of surfiring widow or de- pendent widower or until dependent widower becomes eapsble of self-support.	Children: A surviving wife or husbond: 40 percent of everage sakery divided by number of children, 5000; or \$1,80 dividen, by number of children.	whichers it besset. No surviving wife or hus- band: 14 u-erage salary dirided by number of children, 5737, or \$2,190 divided by the number of children, whichever is lesser.		
		: :	ŝ	<b>22</b>			
(		Designated from ficiary acceptable to the Secretary: 1s of participant's full amounty or 15 of such reduced amounty. (Elective.)	Widow only: Smaller of 34 of arteries to salary for highest 5 consecutive years of survive. or 43 of reduced annulity computed on revelibile service of participant, errope that less than 30 years survives is control as 30.	<u> </u>			
	arnuities of surviving children are recomputed as though person whose an nuity was terminated livel not survived deceased em-	Person in whom annuitant has insurable interest iff survivinity and reduced annuity elected). If of partialistic reduced simulty. Retaining employee's annuity reduced 10 to 40 person depending on difference the pending on difference the library annuity service survivor annuity continues for life.	Wittow or dependent wittower:  15 of participants carried annuity payable until death or remarriage or until wit- ower becomes capable of self-suiport,	Children: A surviving wife or husband: 40 percent average schary divided by number of children: \$800; or \$1,800 divided by number of children:	whehever is lesser. No surviving wife or husband '45 average surry divided by number of children's 5720 or \$2.100 divided by the number of children, whichever is fesser.		
		haut	4. Death in Service: (g) Widows idow (c	(b) Children:		•	

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Abblances in the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability System with pertinent provisions of the civil service.	<u></u>	Comments	FSR same as CSR.	FRR provides minmum service modified to 20 years or difference between age of particle pant at time of retirement and mandators retirement	Age, whichever is lesser. FSR provides tax exemptions.	FSR same as CSR.			- Had a least of the least of t		
System with pertinent pr	(9)	Proposals	Excludes from initial 5 years' free credit granted for mill- contribution has been made to the hand. Infinite smoons of ettra service credit that can be accredited to a disability amunitant to the difference between this against the time of retirement and the namedatory retirement age applicable to the mendatory retirement age applicable to the mendatory retirement.	class in the service. Elective survivor tradition based on service credit upon which participant's annuity it computed.	Exempts disability annuity	from Federal Income tax					
ability ed	9	Section		ž	181	Ž				•	
rvice Relirement and Die	(3)	Present provisions KSR	After 5 years' service: Same as full age and service benefit.  event, that less than 20 years of service credit counted as 20 years.	Elective survivor benefits computed on bacts of 20 years service credit it particularly nuts eredit is 5 but loss than 20 years.	No provirion					-	
changes in the Foreign Se	(2)	Cor	After 5 years of civillan services borne as and service borneft. (Gurenteed 40 percent of average salary or annity projected or age 60 whichever is lesser.)	Elective survivor benefits based on actual years of service credit.	No provision	If receiving disability compensation under Federal Employees Compensation Act, Sept. 7, 199, 5, many alrebations for succession of the compensation of the sept.	period but for barred from greater benefit of a fact. Also is not barred from or.	colving annuity under this set by reason of own services while receiving con-	currently any jayment under Federal Engloyves Compansation Act by res-	on or death of soft chief person. If two first soft full time sum under sec. 17 of FEC, amount covering period to your effective date of an unity must be refunded to	•
Comparison of major proposed chang	(1) 11 ms		5. Disspinity retirement.	·	(a) Tax exeruption	(9) Bar to desple avaing					<del>-</del>

FBR provides payment of do- farred annuity at age 60.	FSR almos procedures provi- sions with those of OSR,	FBE same as CSE.	å	Do. 14/1 of pt. 14/1	A County of the	collectionists to 108 miles for puch assessed of service conditions they shed to pur- charged Property Representa-	CO DE FOR THE ACTION OF THE AC	A the second of
<u> </u>	orothic faces are not returned in the form of armothy to individual or his survivory, the unreturned contributions must be paid to a feet form of a preseduce to an order of preseduce to widow, children, persent etc.	Inserts the phrase "and hon- orshe" in relation to mili- tery and narral service.	Includes leave of absence granted during covered em-	FEO hemeditatos ot vientes Includes elektronemphyment with District of Columbia	Provides for discentify while the provides for the provides for discent to manufacture of the harden seems to the provides of	to other Government re- tirement system moder witch gravitandly covered. Frankly Grandler: discharges	(1)	The transfer of the state of th
1 834	<u>*</u>	<b>3</b> 2		25	253	•		
(FSO classes 4, 5, 6, and 7 deferred aumity at age 62 on selection-out, sec. 634).	If deceased indivinals con- ributions are not returned in the form of annuity (to individual or his survivors), the unreturned contribu- tions must be paid in the following order of preced- ents: designated benoficiary or beneficiaries executor or administrator of estate of participant; such person or pertrains as may beligally en- tilled thereto in the fact, ment of the Secretary.	Includes: Leave of absence for active military or naval service.	No provísion	op	do.			waid had browed Health
setton Commission or be deducted from annuity payments for that purpose. Deferred amulty payable at 22 Issparated amulty per	If decensed individual's con- tributions are not returned in the form of annuity (to individual or his survivors), the unreturned contribu- tions must be paid to a des- fignised beneficary, or in an order of precedence to widow, children, parents, etc.	Includes: Leave of absence without pay granted during covered employment while restorming and transmissing.	military service; Leava of absence without pay granted daring covered em- ployment while receiving	r EC benefits; Civilian employment with District of Columbia gov-	No prorision			A A RES
6. Discontinued service retire-	7. Disposition of contributions in stoess of benefits received. Creditable service.	!. Leave without pay		2. District of Columbia employ-	3. Transfer of funds			1 H.B. 12343, 0) W. C.M. C. C. C. C.

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Comparison of major proposed	changes in the Foreign is	proposed changes in the foreign Service Heirsmenl and Disability System with periment provisions of the civil service represents author refirement system—Continued	sability ed	System with pertanent pro	wisions of the circl service
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Items	CSR	Present provisions FSB	Section	The There's broken by severe	The party was a party of the pa
E. Officers recalled or reinstated	No provision exactly comparable.	Recomputation of annuity of an officer recalled in the Sorvice and retired a second	178	Simplification of an personal Simplification of an personal concurrent of succession of an executed to a second of mages.	Confidence that apply to the control
F. Reemployment of annuttants	Any annuitant reemployed after retirement for age or	No provision (Foreign Service annuty is suspended if re-	E	Provides After members a	Party Control to past the past the past to past the
	there or an involuntary separa- tion or an involuntary sepa- ration for cause, or if retired	Covernment)		position apparation they per-	Chorky to prescriby T80
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retirement of those who have already had long service and to give increased opportunities for younger Staff personnel 2 300 man 2

Approximately, 300 Staff officers and employees presently have at least 10 years sorvice and would quality for the proposed reverses. By changing from the civil service retirement system to the loreign. Service retirement system, the hability for coverage estimated at \$8,841,900 would be shifted from the former to the latter system. An average of 25 Staff officers would qualify annually for coverage upon completion of 10 years of service. The additional liability for this group would be about \$250,000. Again this is a matter of religying the civil service retirement system of a comparable liability. the civil service retirement system of a comparable liability. 130 104 130 Section 32. Annuitants (sec. 804). Line and the grant of

The new language inserted in section 804 of the act by this section provides that (in addition to former participants and their widows) children and dependent widowers may now become annuitants under the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability System. At the time of enactment of the Foreign Service Act of 1946 annuity benefits for children and dependent widowers were not generally included in the provisions of Federal retirement systems. Since that time improvements in the various other Federal systems have resulted in provisions for automatic benefits for surviving dependent children and dependent widowers and in election benefits for surviving husbands.

Section 33. Compulsory contributions (sec. 811)

The amendments to the act made by this section will increase the. rate of contribution to the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund from 5 to 61/2 percent of basic salary. This is necessary in view of the increased benefits provided by the proposed revisions of title VIII of the act. It is also proposed to require a sum equal to the employee retirement deductions to be contributed from the appropriations used for salary payments to be deposited along with the employee contribution to the credit of the Fund. It is estimated that this matching contribution will be about \$2.5 million per year.

Section 34. Computation of annuities (sec. 821)

Section 821 of the act is amended by this section to extend to participants in the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability System many of the servivorship benefits provided by other Federal retirement systems. Except for the 2-percent factor in the computation of annuities and the 35-year maximum service credit the provisions of this section are similar to those of the civil service retirement system. For the first time benefits for surviving children of participants in the Foreign Service retirement system are provided in a manner comparable to that of the civil service retirement system.

This section also eliminates the provision of existing law permitting the participant to accept a further reduction of 5 percent of the widow's annuity in order to provide for restoration of the full annuity if the spouse predeceases the participant. Actuaries regard this as a "gam-

bling provision" unrelated to sound actuarial principles.

By way of illustrating the improved benefits to retired officers under this section the Department submitted examples of which the following is one.

Average salary for highest 5 years of service. Annuity 2 percent times 30 years of service;

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System (sec. 803) many subsection 803(c) to the activities of the section adds a new subsection 803(c) to the activities of the section 803(c) (1) provides that Foreign Service Staff officing and employees who have completed of who will here the some participants in the Foreign Service in the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability System. Such individuals are presently covered by the Civil Service Retirement Act. The Foreign Service retirement system is designed to give recognition to the need for earlier retirement age for career Foreign Service retirement and Disability System. It is the connected that the United States adjusting to new working and living conditions every few years. Staff personnel who serve for any length of time are subject to the same conditions. It is the committee's opinion that the advantages of the Foreign Service retirement system should be extended to those Staff employees who give an indication of making their

Subsection 803(c)(2) provides for the retirement on a gradual basis of Staff employees who are above the mandatory retirement age at the time they become participants in the Foreign Service retirement system. Had these individuals remained under the civil service retirement system, they would not have had to retire mandatorily until age 70. A number of them would prefer to retire earlier while, in other cases, it is in the interest of the Service and of the individual that they retire earlier. To permit these individuals to plan for their retirement in a more orderly way the provisions of this subsection will not be effective for a period of 3 years after the date of enactment of this bill. Thus under the schedule contained in this subsection it will be about 6 years before Staff employees will be mandatorily retired

at age 60.

career in the Service.

As stated above, under the provisions of sections 803 (c)(1) and (c)(2) the group of Staff officers and employees who qualify initially for participation in the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability System will be mandatorily retired on a gradual scheduled basis over a period of approximately 6 years. In addition to this group, other Staff personnel will, from time to time, qualify for participation in the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability System upon the completion of 10 years of continuous service in the Department's Foreign Service. Although section 803(c)(2) does not specify the mandatory retirement date of the officers and employees who are over the mandatory retirement age at the time they became participants in the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability System, it is the committee's understanding that such participants in the system will be retired mandatorily either (1) in accordance with the schedule mentioned in section 803(c)(2): (2) upon reaching age 60 if that schedule has ceased to apply; or (3) if they are above age 60 and that schedule has ceased to apply, they will be retired at the end of the month in which they become participants.

Subsection 803(c)(3) permits voluntary retirement of certain Staff personnel. The application of this subsection is limited only to those who are age 57 or over on the effective date of this section. Those who reach that age subsequent to the enactment of this bill will have to qualify for retirement under other sections of the law. As in the case of those mandatorily retired for age, the purpose is to encourage

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EXINTING		PROPOSED
Maximum survivor annuity Cost to officer	\$3, 000 1, 500	Maximum survivor annuity \$3,600 Cost to officer (2% percent of \$2,400 equals \$60: 10 percent are taken and the cost of the cos
Officer's reduced annuity Maximum, surviving, annuity payable to a dependent child.	5, 700 0	Officer's reduced sunnity 6,660 Maximum, survivor annuity payable to a dependent child:
at the second second	·	With surviving parent 600 With no surviving parent 720

Section 35. Retirement for disability or incapacity (sec. 831)

This section adds a new provision that will permit the reinstatement or reappointment of a disability annuitant who recovers to such an extent that he may return to duty. Under existing provisions there is no clear authorization for such reinstatement or reappointment.

The section also clarifies the authority of the Secretary to designate physicians or surgeons to make the necessary examinations upon which the disability retirement is determined. It is contemplated that this will result in the establishment by regulation of a medical board designated by the Secretary to advise him with respect to disability retirement.

It further provides that in the event a recovered disability annuitant is, for any reason, not reinstated or reappointed, he shall be given the opportunity to receive an immediate annuity if he is at that time qualified for voluntary retirement. In lieu of a refund of any contributions in the Fund remaining to his credit, he may elect to receive a deferred annuity upon reaching age 60.

A new section 831(d) is added which allows an employee, or a survivor, to receive benefits resulting from line of duty disability retirement, or death, from either the Federal Employees' Compensation Act or the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability System, at the election of the person who will receive the benefits. Sometimes it is . more advantageous to the beneficiary to take the survivor's annuity . (Foreign Service retirement); in other cases it is more advantageous to the beneficiary to take the survivor's compensation (Federal Employees' Compensation Act). This provision is substantially the same as section 7(g) of the Caril Service Retirement Act. The last sentence of paragraph (d) is based upon analogous provisions of the Civil Service Retirement Act and has the same intent; namely, to permit a widow to receive an annuity based upon her own service as an employee of the Government, and also to receive any compensation payable by reason of the death of her husband resinting from injury sustained in the performance of his duty as an employee of the Covernment.

The new section Silie, relating to the right of any person to receive an armity under the Foreign Service Act of 1946 notwithstanding a lump sum award to such person under the Federal Employee's Compensation Act, is substantially the same as section 7(g) of the Civil Service Retirement Act, as amended.

Section 36. Thath its service (sec 832)

This section amends section 832 of the act in several respects. Married females have been participants in the retirement system but the system has not provided survivor benefits for a dependent wildower. It forbids the inclusion of credit for military service in the

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"5-year period of service." It provides the same benefits for the dependent children of participants who die in service as the new language of section 821 does for dependent children of deceased annuitants.

Section 37. Discontinued service retirement (sec. 834) and harmful explicit explicit. This section adds a new section 834 to the act. At the present time a participant in the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability System who voluntarily separates from the Service prior to becoming eligible for voluntary retirement is entitled only to a refund of contributions. The provisions of the new section 834 will permit participants who voluntarily resign to receive a deferred annuity commencing at age 60. This provision is similar to that of the civil service retirement system.

Section 38. Disposition of contributions and interest in excess of benefits received (sec. 841)

This section makes several amendments to section 841 of the act. It changes the annual compounding of interest for contributions to the retirement Fund from a fiscal year to a calendar-year basis. Another change is that if the participant has not designated a beneficiary, the surviving spouse, the surviving children, and next of kin are placed in the line of precedence for any undisbursed balance of the participant's contributions to the Fund.

Section 39. Computation of length of service (sec. 851)

The principal amendment to existing legislation made by this section is to give participants full service credit toward retirement while they are on leaves of absence during which they receive benefits from the Bureau of Employees' Compensation.

Section 40. Prior service credit (sec. 852)

In view of the inclusion of certain members of the Foreign Service Staff in the Foreign Service retirement system and the entrance of some individuals into the Foreign Service officer category who have had previous Government service during which they contributed to some other retirement system the amendments to section 852 are necessary to provide an orderly transfer of their retirement benefits from one system to the Foreign Service retirement system.

The new subsection 852(d) is designed to avoid duplication of civilian service credit of a participant under two retirement systems. The new subsection 852(e) is intended to prevent the possible denial of service credit to participants with military service who may be eligible for retired pay on the basis of certain defined types of service-connected disability or who receive benefits under chapter 67, title 10, United States Code.

Section 41. Recomputation of annuities of certain former participants (sec. 855)

Until 1956 participants in the Foreign Service retirement system who retired with more than 30 years creditable service were allowed to count only 30 years in determining their annuities. In that year the maximum creditable service period was raised to 35 years. No provision was made, however, for former participants who had retired

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chefore 1956 with more than 30 years of creditable service but whose annuities had been computed on the basis of only 30 years viewice. The language of this section will make it possible to readilibrate the minuities of all former participants in the system who ild not receive the full benefit of their orditable service in excess of 50 years at the time of their retirement. The provision is applicable only to formet participants and does not apply to any person presently receiving an annuity as the survivor of a former participant.

Based on an analysis of officers on the retired rolls at the beginning of fiscal year 1959, the cost of the provision would be about \$190,000 during the first year. Thereafter, the annual cost would decrease and

eventually disappear with the death of such officers.

Sections 42 and 43. Recall (sec. 871)

Section 42 is a perfecting amendment.

Section 43 amends section 871 of the act by allowing for the recomputation of annuities for annuitants recalled, reinstated, or reappointed in the Service. It will permit the use of additional years of service, up to but not exceeding 35 years, as well as a higher salary rate in redetermining his annuity. It will also permit the annuitant upon termination of his services, to make a new election with respect to survivor benefits if he so chooses. In substance, it will permit the officer to retire again.

Section 44. Reemployment (sec. 872)

This section adds a new section 872 to the act that sets forth the limitation on earnings of an annuitant who is reemployed by the Federal Government. At present an annuitant who is reemployed in any position in the Government must forfeit his annuity during the time of such reemployment. Retired civil service personnel, on the other hand, may be reemployed in Government service and continue to receive their full annuity plus the difference, if any, between such annuity and the salary of the position to which appointed. Officers and enlisted personnel of the armed services are subject to a variety of provisions which permit, depending upon the circumstances, benefits which range from deferral of retired pay and receipt of full salary to the receipt of retired pay plus full salary.

The effect of the present prohibition of reemployment of retired

The effect of the present prohibition of reemployment of retired Foreign Service officers retired for age makes it difficult for the Government to compete with private industry in availing itself of the services of retired officers. Many of them have the experience, background, and ability that would be of great value to the Govern-

ment.

Under the provisions of this section a reemployed annuitant may receive the salary of the position to which he is appointed plus such a portion of his annuity as will make his total pay equal, during any calendar year, to the salary he was receiving at the time of his retirement from the Foreign Service. In many instances there will be a saving in the retirement Fund during the time of such reemployment because the employing agency will pay the full amount of the salary of the position to which the annuitant is appointed (rather than only a portion of it as is the case under the Civil Service Retirement Act). If the salary of the reemployed annuitant equals or

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Approved For Release 1999/08/27: CIA-RDP78-03721A00040020004-0 exceeds his former salary as a participant, hen would receive ab annuity payments during the period of employmented ball continuous The following table compares cases of reemployment of annuitants under the Givil Service Betirement Act and surder the Foreign Service Act as amended by the new section 8724; to thensell the odd

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smallinger volumentume to mischage Section 45. Voluntary contributions (860. 881) learner of an homiog

The amendments made by this section to section 881 of the act provide for the compounding of interest and the keeping of records on a calendar-year basis instead of a fiscal-year basis as is now required by existing legislation. The latter basis has necessitated a separate system of recordkeeping involving 6-month reports from Foreigh Service posts on contributions to the Fund and a separate system for the compilation of retirement deductions. The changes made by this section are comparable to those made to the Civil Service Retirement Act in 1945.

Section 46. Loan of household furnishings and equipment (see, 912)

This section amends the title and wording of section 912 of the act to clarify the authority of the Secretary to loan to officers owning or leasing residences in foreign posts basic articles of furnishings, such as divans, dining room furniture, etc. Savings in transportation costs resulting from the furnishing of these heavy articles of furnishings at the post can equal or exceed savings already effected on such articles as refrigerators, stoves and other appliances, which the Department may now provide on a loan basis under existing law.

Section 47. Transportation of motor vehicles (sec. 913)

This section was requested by the Department for two reasons:
(1) to substitute the term "motor vehicles" for "automobiles" and to allow transportation of motorcycles and motor scooters, and (2) to authorize the transportation of replacement of motor vehicles when such replacement is necessary for reasons beyond the control of the employee and is in the interest of the Government. It does not authorize the transportation of motorboats. The frequency of transportation of vehicles is limited to once every 4 years except where replacement is necessary for reasons beyond the control of the officer or employee or is in the interest of the Government. It should be noted that the language of this section is identical with that already passed by the House in the Overseas Differentials and Allowances Act (H.R. 7758, 86th Cong.), but which has not yet been passed by the Senate.

Not pertinent.

Section 48. Gifts (see 1021)

OI This amendment to the act is for the purpose of making wider use of gifts to the Foreign Bervice. It is deemed justifiable to broaden this to include departmental people other than those in the Foreign Service. For example, the Ford Foundation recently made a grant to the Service for African language and area training. It would be of great advantage if others dealing in this field could avail themselves of such specialized training.

Section 49. Conversion of staff employees from 22 classes to 10 dasses This section contains temporary provisions to provide for an orderly and equitable conversion of staff personnel paid in accordance with the present rates of the Foreign Service staff salary schedule to the new classes and rates as proposed in section 2 of this bill. The salary adjustments involved are held to the minimum possible while maintaining present class and rank relationships of personnel. While the conversion plan necessitates new class designations in most cases, the large majority of personnel will receive a higher class designation by virtue of the reduction in the total number of classes in the schedule.

This section also utilizes longevity rates for the conversion of staff personnel from the present to the new 10-class pay structure so that personnel may be converted by class intact. This avoids a morale situation that otherwise would be created by the splitting of classes or the loss of class rank when employees whose salary at the time of

conversion exceeds the maximum rate of the new staff class.

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Section 50. Amendments to act of August 1, 1956

This section makes three amendments to the act of August 1, 1956-"Basic Authority for the Department of State."

Subsection (a) amends section 5 of that act by authorizing the payment of travel expenses of the spouse and dependent children and the furnishing of quarters for them for an officer or employee when attending an international meeting or conference. Travel expenses and quarters expenses for the representative himself are already authorized but no provision is made for his family. Where the conference or meeting is of relatively brief duration, there is no need for this new authorization. But conferences of several months duration present a problem. Frequently the services of experts outside the Foreign Service must be engaged for these meetings, e.g., experts in atomic matters. They are unwilling to be separated from their families for months nor are they able to take their families at their own expense. The committee expects that the authority contained in this subsection would not be used by the Secretary unless in his opinion the conference would last for a period in excess of 3 months. Subsection (b) amends section 11 of the 1956 set by authorizing the chief of inission to approve the use of taxicabs in addition to Government owned webicles for the transportation of Government owned webicles for the office and obtain when public transportation facilities other than taxicabs are unsafe or unavailables. At some posts the usual types of public transportation are drastically reduced or inoperative during night time hours and taxicabs are the only, satisfactory transportation available. Personnel using such vehicles may not be reimbursed. As a result Government owned vehicles must be operated by Government employed chauffeurs during the night hours exclusively for the use of a small number of 19 government employees including Marine guards. The cost of maintaining this service is not justified by the number of people transported.

Subsection (c) amends section 12 of the 1956 act by authorizing the payment of various expenses essential to the success of the exchange of persons program. Distinguished citizens of other countries such as parliamentarians, newspaper editors, and educators are invited to this country to increase understanding between the people of other countries and of the United States. Because the foreign visitors are able to remain in this country for only limited periods of time and their American counterparts similarly have pressing demands upon their time, programs must be arranged which make maximum use of the time available. Most of the productive meetings that can be arranged are in the form of luncheons, receptions, or similar functions. The new language would authorize the Secretary to provide for the payment of the expenses of such functions.

Section 51. Exclusion from gross income of compensation for injuries and sickness.

This section amends paragraph (4) of section 104(a) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 to exempt disability annuities under the Foreign Service Act of 1946 from Federal income tax. This is in keeping with provisions relating to disability annuities payable by the Bureau of Employees' Compensation. The committee has been advised by the Department that this amendment to the Internal Revenue Code has been approved by the Internal Revenue Service, Treasury Department.

Section 52. Repeal of certain sections of the Foreign Service Act

This section repeals certain enumerated sections of the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended, because they have been superseded by other provisions in this bill or are obsolete.

Section 53. Reinstatement to the Foreign Service

This section is a temporary provision. It would permit a person, who was appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, at the time that he was an active Foreign Service officer to a position in the Department and who during his incumbency was retired mandatorily as a Foreign Service officer, to be reinstated as a Foreign Service officer. This provision is applicable only to a person who at the present time occupies such a position in the Depart-

ment. Other amendments to the act contained in this bill would have obviated the requirement of mandatory retirement of such an officer:

Section 54. Applicability of existing rules and regulations not income.

This section is necessary because it may not be possible to revise completely all regulations and Executive orders (necessary because it may not be possible to revise).

This section is necessary because it may not be possible to revise completely all regulations and Executive orders now affecting their Foreign Service before the effective date of the act. Without a provision such as that contained in this section, there might be a question regarding the continuing effect of some of these regulations.

This section is a temporary provision to insure the retention for limited time of 44 individuals who were appointed Foreign Sarvice Reserve officers in the period September 1, 1958, to December 31, 1958. All of them had been Staff employees with many years of valuable service to their credit. They accepted Foreign Service Reserve officer appointments at the encouragement of the Department of State. Such appointments are for a maximum period of 5 years. This section will insure that these officers will not be separated before they complete their appointments which run to the latter part of 1963. The only exceptions are (1) attainment of age 70 before the expiration of their appointment, or (2) removal for unsatisfactory performance of duty, misconduct, or malfeasance, in which case they are entitled to a hearing, at which the charges must be established.

Section 56. Effective date of amendments made by this bill

This section specifies the effective dates of the provisions of this bilk!

Estimated cost of proposed bill, H.R. 12547, prepared by Department of State

tem		list-year cost
1	Sec. 2. Conversion to the proposed 10-class FSS schedule (sec. 415).  Comment: The estimated cost is based on salary adjustments of Foreign Service Staff employees of the Department of State (3,451) who are paid in accordance with sec. 415 of the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended.	\$217,000
2	Comment: The estimated east to be courses (sec. 446)	35, 700
3	Sec. 16. Housing allowance for certain officers on assignment in the United States (sec. 571):	
	Comment: As of Oct. 31, 1959, there were a total of 1,869 Foreign Service officers and employees assigned to Washington, D.C. Of these, there would be approximately 365 employees with no dependents receiving an average differential of \$607; 685 with I to 3 dependents receiving an average differential of \$1.142; and 308 with 4 or new detection.	
	not accounted for in this report represent those employees who are not eligible for the proposed housing allowance plus those for whom the Department of State is relimburged	•
-	Since a proposed amendment to see, 571 would modify provisions relating to the payment of the "Washington differential," resulting savings in this item would offset a part of the estimated cost of the proposed housing allowance.    Since a proposed amendment to see, 571 would modify provisions relating to the proposed housing allowance.   Housing allowance	* .
4	Sec. 18. Improving the Department's language and training facilities (sec. 578)  Comment: A 5-year language-training program designed to meet the minimum staffing needs for language officers at all posts (where appropriate) will	1, 188, 411 251, 331
	Commont: It is estimated that I percent of FSS employees (sec. 642).  It is estimated that I percent of FSS employees (35) would receive included cost of \$20,600 was computed by multiplying 100 times \$205, the	90, 800
5	Sec. 30. Language incentives (sec. 704).  Comment: Special monetary or other incentive for acquiring or retaining proficiency in esoteric foreign languages or special abilities needed in the Service.	158, 678
	Total	1, 869, 642

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In compliance with clause 3 of rule/XIII of the Rules of the House of Representatives, what ger imparising law made by the bill, he introduced, are shown as follows: (disting lisy proposed in black brackets/unswellated is prested in black brackets/unswellated in prested in black brackets/unswellated in prested in the characteristic of the complete in the compl -ib to FOREIGN SERVICE ACT OF 1946, TAS AMENDED late by

AN ACT To improve, strengthen, and arrange the Royales Hervine of the United States and to consolidate and revise the laws relating to its administration.

Bost enacted by the Senate and House of Representation of the United States of America in Congress assembled,

TITLE I—SHORT TITLE, OBJECTIVES, aND DENNITURE

(5) Principal officer" nouns the infinite of PART, TROMS TROMS of the diplomentary of

SEC. 101. Titles I to X, inclusive, of this Act may be cited as the "Foreign Service Act of 1946 by han activity pair the Act at the history

### PART B-OBJECTIVES

Sec. 111. The Congress hereby declares that the objectives of this Act are to develop and strengthen the Foreign Service of the United States so as—

(1) to enable the Foreign Service effectively to serve abroad the interests of the United States,

(2) to insure that the officers and employees of the Foreign Service are broadly representative of the American people and are aware of and fully informed in respect to current trends in American life:

(3) to enable the Foreign Service adequately to fulfill the functions devolving on it by reason of the transfer to the Department of State of functions heretofore performed by other Government agencies;

(4) to provide improvements in the recruitment and training of the personnel of the Foreign Service;

(5) to provide that promotions leading to positions of authority and responsibility shall be on the basis of merit and to insure the selection on an impartial basis of outstanding persons for such positions

(6) to provide for the temporary appointment or assignment to the Foreign Service of representative and outstanding citizens of the United States possessing special skills and abilities;

(7) to provide salaries, allowances, and benefits that will permit. the Foreign Service to draw its personnel from all walks of American life and to appoint persons to the highest positions in the Service solely on the basis of their demonstrated ability;

(8) to provide a flexible and comprehensive framework for the direction of the Foreign Service in accordance with modern prac-

tices in public administration; and

(9) to codify into one Act all provisions of law relating to the administration of the Foreign Service.

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(8) "Principal officer" means the officer in charge of an embassy, legation, or other diplomatic mission or of a consulate general, consulate, or vice consulate of the United States and (9) "Chief of mission" means a principal officer appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Sciate, to be in

President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to be in charge of an embassy or legation or other diplomatic mission of the United States, or any person assigned under the terms of this Act to be minister resident, charge d'affaires, commissioner or diplomatic agent.

# TITLE IV—CATEGORIES AND SALARIES OF PERSONNEL

# FOREIGN SERVICE STAFF OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEDS: 914

[Sec. 415. There shall be twenty-two classes of Foreign Service staff officers and employees, referred to hereafter as staff officers and employees. The per annum rates of salary of staff officers and employees within each class shall be as follows:

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SEC. 415. (a)	There shall be ten	classes of Forei	on Service staff officers
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(b) Notwithstanding the provisions of paragraph (a) of this seation the Secretary may, under such regulations as he may prescribe fix the salary at lesser rates than those prescribed by this section for the applicable class of staff officers or employees who are recruited abroad and who are not available or are not qualified for transfer to another post.

# SALARIES AT WHICH FOREIGN SERVICE STAFF OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES MAY BE APPOINTED

[Sec. 416. A person appointed as a staff officer or employee shall receive salary at the minimum rate provided for the class to which appointed except as otherwise provided in accordance with the provisions of part E of this title.]

SEC. 416. (a) A person appointed as a staff officer or employee shall receive basic salary at one of the rates of the class to which he is appointed which the Secretary shall, taking into account his qualifications and experience and the needs of the Service, determine to be appropriate for him to receive.

(b) Whenever the Secretary determines that the needs of the Service warrant the appointment of staff officers or employees in a particular occupational group uniformly at a rate above the minimum rate of the applicable class, he may adjust the basic salary of any staff officer or employee in the same class and occupational group who is receiving less than such established rate.

#### SALARIES OF ALIEN CLERKS AND EMPLOYEES

SEC. 417. The salary or compensation of an alien clerk or employee shall be fixed by the Secretary in accordance with such regulations as he shall prescribe and, as soon as practicable, in accordance with the provisions of section 444 [(b)]. The salary or compensation of an alien clerk or employee fixed on a per annum basis may, notwith-standing the provisions of any other law, be payable on a weekly or biweekly basis. When a one- or two-week pay period of such a clerk or employee begins in one fiscal year and ends in another, the gross amount of the earnings for such pay period may be regarded as a charge against the appropriation or allotment current at the end of such pay period.

H. Rept. 1890, 86-2 5

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CHIEFS OF MISSION

CHIEFS OF MISSION

6.11 PEC., 42.16. (a) Linder, such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe as other of mission may be entitled to receive salary from the effective date of his appointment to the date marking his peting to his place of residence at the conclusion of the period of his official service day the of mission or Tthe termination of this peak on authorized deave, whichever shall be later, I upon termination of his service accordance with the processors of puragraph (b) of this section, but to the for mission shall be entitled to receive salary while absent from his post, whenever the Secretary shall find that such absence was position is appointed as chief of mission in one position is appointed as chief of mission in another position, he shall be ontitled to receive the salary perfairing to the new position coinentitled to receive the salary pertaining to the new position coin-enteneing on the effective date of the new appointment: (4).

(1)

(1) terminated by the appointment of a successor but shall continue until the has relinquished charge of the mission and thas rendered such additional services to the Department as the Secretary may require him to render in the interests of the Government for a period not in excess of thirty days, exclusive of time spent in transit I for such additional period as may be determined by the Secretary, but in no case shall such additional period exceed fifty days, including time spent in transit. During such period the Secretary may require him to render such services ins he may deem necessary in the interests of the Government. -17 (c) During the service of a Foreign Service officer as chief of mission he shall receive in addition to his salary as Foreign Service officer, compensation equal to the difference, if any, between such salary and the salary of the position to which he is appointed or assigned.

#### [CLASSIFICATION OF POSITIONS IN THE FOREIGN SERVICE

[Sec. 441. Under such regulations as he may prescribe, the Secretary shall classify all positions in the Service, including those positions at foreign posts which may be held by career ministers, and shall allocate all positions occupied or to be occupied by staff officers or employees to classes and subclasses established by sections 415 and 442, respectively, and by alien employees and consular agents to such classes as may be established by regulation.]

CLASSIFICATION OF POSITIONS IN THE FOREIGN SERVICE AND IN THE DEPARTMENT

Sec. 441. (a) Under such regulations as he may prescribe, and in order to facilitate effective management, the Secretary shall classify all positions in the Service at posts abroad, excluding positions to be occupied by chiefs of mission, and in the case of those occupied by Foreign Service officers, Reserve officers, and staff officers and employees, he shall establish such positions in relation to the classes established by sections 412, 414, and 415, respectively. Positions occupied by alien employees and consular agents, respectively, shall be allocated to such classes as the Scertary may establish by regulation.

b) Under such regulations as he may prescribe, the Secretary may, notwithstanding the provisions of the Classification Act of 1949, as

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amended (5 U.S.C. 1071 and the following); classify positions the or under the Department which he designates as Foreign Service Officer positions to be occupied by officers and employees of the Service, and establish such sost-tions in relation to the classes established by sections 412 flip and 416 mulass real CI [111115]

TADMINISTRATIVE ESTABLISHMENT OF NEW GROUPS OF POSTULOUS TOS FOREIGN SERVICE STAFF OFFICERS AND SEPTIONERS

[SEC/419. The Secretary may, whenever he deems such action to be in the interests of good administration and warranted by the nature of the duties and responsibilities of any group of positions occupied or to be occupied by staff officers and employees in comparison with other positions in the same class, establish by regulation for any such group of positions a minimum salary computed at any one withoutes of salary above the minimum for a given class but not in excessiof the middle rate provided for that class in section 416, a Such groups of positions shall, for the purposes of this Act, he known as subdisses. or dialect of the courter in we are Aug a 1416 # 1.

### TCLASSIFICATION OF POSITIONS OF ALIEN CLERKS AND EMPLOYEES

[Sec. 444. (a) Upon the basis of the classification provided for in section 441, the Secretary shall, with the advice of the Board of the Foreign Service, from time to time prepare schedules of salaries for classes of positions of alien clerks and employees of the Service, which classes shall be established by regulation, and shall allocate all such positions to the appropriate classes.

I(b) All alien employees in an area of comparatively uniform wage scales and standards of living, occupying positions of equal responsi-bility, shall receive equal pay except as there may be increases provided for length of service in accordance with uniform procedures.

#### COMPENSATION PLANS FOR ALIEN EMPLOYEES

SEC. 444. (a) The Secretary shall, in accordance with such regulations as he may prescribe, establish compensation plans for alien employees of the Service: Provided, That such compensation plans shall be based upon prevailing wage rates and compensation practices for corresponding types of positions in the locality, to the extent consistent with the public interest. (b) For the purpose of performing functions abroad, other Government agencies are authorized to administer alien employee programs in accord-

ance with the applicable provisions of this Act.

#### TEXEMPTION FROM THE APPLICATION OF THE CLASSIFICATION ACT

[Sec. 446. Title II of the Act of November 26, 1940, entitled "An Act extending the classified executive Civil Service of the United States" (54 Stat. 1212; 5 U.S.C. 681), is hereby further amended by deleting paragraph (vii) of section 3(d) and by substituting in lieu of the present language of paragraph (vi) of section 3(d) the following language: "Officers or positions of officers and employees of the Foreign Service".

Approved For Release 1999/08/27: CIA-RDP78-03721A000400020004-0 OF WHITE THE THE CATEGORIES OF OFFICERS, AND EMPLOYEES SEC 146. The Secretary may under such regulations as as may prescribe, establish rates of salary differential, not exceeding 16 per centus of basic salary, for officers or employees of the Service while they are using for duty as couriers, and the day of duty as couriers, and the day of the salary as couriers.

o) not TITLE V-APPOINTMENTS, AND ASSIGNMENTS contact op and but principal interests of good or the first or and the control of to be nestioned by staff others and employees a comparison with ther positions in the same class, established and in the name class, established and in the name.

SEC. 500. It is the policy of the Congress that chiefs of mission an Koreign Service officers appointed or designed to serve the United State in foreign countries shall have to the maximum practicable entent among their qualifications, a useful knowledge of the principal language or dialect of the country in which they are to serve, and knowledge and understanding of the history, the culture, the economic, and political institutions, and the interests of such country and its people.

#### APPOINTMENTS

SEC. 501. (a) The President shall, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, appoint ambassadors and ministers, including career ambassadors and career ministers.

(b) The President may, in his discretion, assign any Foreign Service officer to serve as minister resident, charge d'affaires, commissioner, or diplomatic agent for such period as the public interest may require.

LISTS OF FOREIGN SERVICE OFFICERS QUALIFIED TO BE CAREER MINISTERS OR CHIEFS OF MISSION TO BE FURNISHED TO THE PRESIDENT

Sec. 502. (a) The Secretary shall, on the basis of recommendations made by the Board of the Foreign Service, from time to time furnish the President with the names of Foreign Service officers qualified for appointment to the class of career ambassador and career minister together with pertinent information about such officers, but no person shall be appointed into the class of career minister who has not been appointed to serve as a chief of mission or appointed or assigned to serve in a position which, in the opinion of the Secretary, is of comparable importance. A list of such positions shall from time to time be published by the Secretary. No person shall be appointed into the class of career ambassador who has not (1) served for at least fifteen years in a position of responsibility in a Government agency, or agencies, including at least three years as a career minister; (2) rendered exceptionally distinguished service to the Government; and (3) met such other requirements as the Secretary shall prescribe.

(b) The Secretary shall also, on the basis of recommendations made by the Board of the Foreign Service, from time to time furnish the President with the names of Foreign Service officers qualified for appointment or assignment as chief of mission, together with portinent information about such officers, in order to assist the President in selecting qualified candidates for appointment or assignment in

such capacity.

## PART B-BOREIGN SERVICE OFFICERS

induced particles of the project of

SEC 512 Foreign Service officers may be commissioned and incommendate of such officers while serving under diplomatic or consular commissions shall be performed under their respective commissions as diplomatic or consular officers.

LIMITS OF CONSULAR DISTRICTS

SEC. 513. The Secretary shall define the limits of consular districts.

### ABSIGNMENTS, AND TRANSFERS

SEC. 514. A Foreign Service officer, commissioned as a diplomatic or consular officer, may be assigned by the Secretary to serve in any diplomatic position other than that of chief of mission or in any consular position, and he may also be assigned to serve in any other capacity in which he is eligible to serve under the terms of this or, any other Act. He may be transferred from one post to another by order of the Secretary as the interests of the Service may require.

#### CITIZENSHIP REQUIREMENTS.

SEC. 515. No person shall be eligible for appointment as a Foreign Service officer unless he is a citizen of the United States and has been such for at least ten years.

#### ADMISSION TO CLASS 7 OR 8

Sec. 516. (a) No person shall be eligible for appointment as a Foreign Service officer of class 8 unless he has passed such written, oral, physical, and other examinations as the Board of Examiners for the Foreign Service may prescribe to determine his fitness and aptitude for the work of the Service and has demonstrated his loyalty to the Government of the United States and his attachment to the principles of the Constitution. The Secretary shall furnish the President with the names of those persons who have passed such examinations and are eligible for appointment as Foreign Service officers of class 8.

(b) The Secretary may furnish the President with the names of those persons who have passed such examinations and are eligible for appointment as Foreign Service officers of class 8, whom he recommends for appointment directly to class 7 when in his opinion, their age, experience, or other qualifications make such an appointment appropriate.

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ADMISSION TO CLASSES I TO T, INCLUSIVE

SEC. 517. A person who has not [served in class 8] been appointed as a Foreign Service officer in accordance with section 518 of this Act shall not be eligible for appointment as a Foreign Service officer of classes [1:40], inclusive, unless lie has passed comprehensive inentified and physical examinations prescribed by the Board of Prantiners for the Foreign Service to determine the fitness at the Court of the Service demonstrated his layer to the Court of the Service. of the Service; demonstrated his levalty to the Government of the United States and his attachment to the principles of the Constitution; and rendered at least four years of actual service prior to appointment in a position of responsibility in the service of a Government agency, or agencies, except that, if he has reached the age of thirty-one vears, the requirement as to service may be reduced to three years. Tafter the date of enactment of the Foreign Service Act Amendments of 1955 and until otherwise provided by Act of Congress not more than one thousand two hundred and fifty persons who have not served in class 8 may be appointed to classes I to 7, inclusive; of such persons, not more than one hundred and seventy-five may be appointed who were not employed on March 1, 1955, in the Department, including its Foreign Service Reserve and Foreign Service Staff personnel, and who have not also served in a position of responsibility in the Department, or the Service, or both, for the required period prior to appointment as a Foreign Service officer. Notwithstanding the above provisions of this section, the limitation on the maximum. number of appointments authorized herein shall not be applicable in the case of any person appointed or assigned by the Secretary of State as a Foreign Service Reserve officer and who thereafter has served in a position of responsibility in such capacity for the required period prior to appointment as a Foreign Service officer. 1 The Secretary shall furnish the President with the names of those persons who shall have passed such examinations and are eligible for appointment as Foreign Service officers of classes 1 to 7, inclusive. Secretary shall, taking into consideration the age, qualifications, and experience of each candidate for appointment, recommend the class to which he shall be appointed in accordance with the provisions of this section.

#### ADMISSION TO THE CLASS OF CAREER MINISTER

SEC. 518. No person shall be eligible for appointment to the class of career ambassador or career minister who is not a Foreign Service officer.

REASSIGNMENT TO FOREIGN SERVICE OF FORMER AMBASSADORS AND
MINISTERS

Sec. 519. If, within three months of the date of termination of his services as chief of mission and of any period of authorized leave, a Foreign Service officer has not again been appointed or assigned as chief of mission or assigned in accordance with the provisions of section 514, he shall be retired from the Service and receive retirement benefits in accordance with the provisions of section 821.

ERHINSTATEMENT AND RECALL REAPPOINTMENT, RECALL, OF REEM-

SEC. 520. (a) The President may, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, reappoint to the Service a former Foreign Service officer who has been separated from the Service I by reason of appointment to some other position in the Government service and who has served continuously in the Government up to the time of rainstatement. The Secretary shall, taking into consideration the qualifications and experience of each candidate for reappointment and the rank of his contemporaries in the Service, recommend the class to which he shall be reappointed in accordance with the provisions of this section.

(b) Whenever the Secretary shall determine an emergency to exist, the Secretary may recall any retired Foreign Service officer temporarily to active service.

(b) The Secretary may recall any retired Foreign Service officer temporarily to duty in the Service whenever he shall determine such recall is in the public interest.

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of title 5. United States Code, section 62, and title 5, United States Code, section 715a, a Foreign Service officer heretofore or hereafter retired under the provisions of section 631 or 632 or a Foreign Service staff officer or employee hereafter retired under the provisions of section 803 shall not, by reason of his retired status, be barred from employment in Federal Government service in any appointive position for which he is qualified. An annuitant so reemployed shall serve at the will of the appointing officer.

#### PART C--Foreign Service Reserve Officers

#### ESTABLISHMENT OF RESERVE

Sec, 521. In accordance with the terms of this Act and under such regulations as the Secretary shall prescribe, there shall be organized and maintained a Foreign Service Reserve, referred to hereafter as the Reserve,

#### APPOINTMENTS AND ASSIGNMENTS TO THE RESERVE

Sec. 522. Whenever the services of a person who is a citizen of the United States and who has been such for at least five years are required by the Service, the Secretary may—

(1) appoint as a Reserve officer for nonconsecutive periods of not more than five years each, a person not in the employ of the Government whom the Board of the Foreign Service shall deem to have outstanding qualifications;

(2) assign as a Reserve officer for nonconsecutive periods of not more than five years each a person regularly employed in any Government agency, subject, in the case of an employee of a Government agency other than the Department of State, to the consent of the head of the agency concerned; and

(3) extend the appointment or assignment of any Reserve officer, or continue the services of any such Reserve officer by reappointment without regard to the provisions of section 527 of this Act, for not more than five additional years if the Secretary

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the Service, except that the assignment of any Reserve officer under paragraph (2) above may not be extended under the provisions of this paragraph without the consent of the head of the APPOINTMENT OR ASSIGNMENT TO A CLASS C 4 1000

SEC. 523. A Reserve officer, appointed or assigned to active duty? shall be appointed or assigned to a class and not to a particular post and such an officer may be assigned to posts and may be transferred from one post to another by order of the Secretary as the interests of the Service may require. The class to which he shall be appointed. or assigned shall depend on his age, qualifications, and experiences

#### COMMISSIONS

SEC. 524. Whenever the Secretary shall deem it in the interests of the Service that a Reserve officer shall serve in a diplomatic or consular capacity, he may recommend to the President that such officer be commissioned as a diplomatic or consular officer or both. The President may, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, commission such officer as a diplomatic or consular officer or both, and all official acts of such an officer while serving under a diplomatic or consular commission shall be performed under his commission as a diplomatic or consular officer. In all other cases, appropriate rank and status, analogous to that of Foreign Service officers engaged in work of comparable importance shall be provided to permit Reserve officers to carry out their duties effectively.

### LACTIVE DUTY

[Sec. 525. The Secretary shall by regulation define the period during which a Reserve officer shall be considered as being on active duty.]

#### BENEFITS

Sec. 526. A Reserve officer shall, except as otherwise provided in regulations which the Secretary may prescribe, receive all the allowances, privileges, and benefits which Foreign Service officers are entitled to receive in accordance with the provisions of title IX.

# REAPPOINTMENT OR REASSIGNMENT OF RESERVE OFFICERS

Sec. 527. A person who has served as a Reserve officer may not be reappointed or reassigned to active duty until the expiration of a period of time equal to his preceding tour of duty or until the expiration of a year, whichever is the shorter,

### REINSTATEMENT OF RESERVE OFFICERS

Sec. 528. Upon the termination of the assignment of a Reserve officer assigned from any Government agency, such person shall be entitled to reinstatement in the Government agency by which he is regularly employed in the same position he occupied at the time of

Approved For Release 1999/08/27, CIA-RDR78-03721A000400020004-0, arein, statement he shall receive the within-grade salary advancements lie would have been entitled to receive had he remained in the position in which he is regularly employed under subsection (d); section 7, of the Classification Act of 1923 the Classification Act of 1949, as amended, or any corresponding provision of law applicable to the position in which he is serving. According to the Secretary that such person has met the standards required for the officient conduct of the work of the Foreign Service shall satisfy any requirements as to the holding of minimum ratings as a prerequisite to the receipt of such salary advancements. AUCOINTAUNA

### PART D-FOREIGN SERVICE STAFF OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

#### APPOINTMENTS

[Sec. 531. The Secretary shall appoint staff officers and employees under such regulations as he may prescribe and, as soon as practicable, in accordance with the provisions of section 441, 442, and 443. Sec. 581. The Secretary may, under such regulations as he may

prescribe, appoint staff officers and employees on the basis of qualifications and experience. The Secretary may make provisions for temporary, limited, and such other types of appointment as he may deem necessary, He is authorized to establish appropriate probationary periods during which newly appointed staff officers or employees, other than those appointed for temporary or limited services shall be required to serve. The Secretary may terminate at any time, without regard to the provisions of section 651 or 652, or the provisions of any other law, the services of staff officers or employees appointed for temporary or limited service and of other staff officers or employees who occupy probationary status.

#### ASSIGNMENTS AND TRANSFERS

[Sec. 532. The Secretary may, in accordance with uniform procedures established in such regulations as he may prescribe, assign a staff officer or employee to a position at any post and transfer such a person from a position in one class to a vacant position within the same class, and from one post to another. Upon demonstration of ability to assume duties of greater responsibility, such person may, as provided in section 641, be promoted to a vacant position in a higher class at the same or at a higher rate of salary and he may be transferred from one post to another in connection with such pro-

Sec. 532. Under such regulations as he may prescribe, the Secretary may assign a staff officer or employee to any post or he may assign him to serve in any position in which he is eligible to serve under the terms of this or any other Act A staff officer or employee may be transferred from one post to another by order of the Secretary as the interests of the Service may require:

COMMISSION AS CONSUL OR VICE CONSUL

SEC. 533. On the recommondation of the Secretary, the President may, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, commission, a staff officer or employee as consul. The Secretary may commission a staff other or employee as vice consult. Official acts of staff officers

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or employees while serving under consular commissions in the Service shall be performed under their respective commissions as consular officers.

#### CITIZENSHIP REQUIREMENT WAS A DECEMBER.

SEC. 534. No person shall be eligible for appointment as staff officer or employee who is not a citizen of the United States at the time of his appointment.

#### PART E-ALIEN CLERKS AND EMPLOYEES

#### APPOINTMENTS

Sec. 541. The Secretary shall appoint alien clerks and employees at posts abroad under such regulations as he may prescribe and, as soon as practicable, in accordance with the provisions of section 444.

#### ASSIGNMENTS AND TRANSFERS

Sec. 542. The Secretary may assign an alien clerk or employee to a position at any post, and any such clerk or employee may be transferred from a position at one post to a position at another as the interests of the Service may require.

#### PART F -- CONSULAR AGENTS

Sec. 551. The Secretary may appoint consular agents under such regulations as he may prescribe and, as soon as practicable, in accordance with the provisions of section 445.

PART G. Assignment of Personnel by the Army and Navy Departments

AS COURIERS AND INSPECTORS OF BUILDINGS

Sec. 561. (Repealed by Public Law 1028, 84th Cong.)

#### AS CUSTODIANS

Sec., 562. (Repealed by Public Law 1028, 84th Cong.)

PART II--ASSIGNMENT OF FOREIGN SERVICE PERSONNEL

#### \* [ASSIGNMENTS TO ANY GOVERNMENT AGENCY

[Sec. 571 (a) Any officer or employee of the Service now, in the discretion of the Secretary, be assigned or detailed for duty in any Gover ment agency, such an assignment or combination or assignments to be for a period of not more than four years, except that under special circumstances the Secretary may extend this four-year period for not more than four additional years.

(b) A Foreign Service officer may be appointed as Director General notwithstanding the provisions of the last sentence of paragraph (a) of this section, but any such officer may not serve longer than fone years in such position or positions and upon the completion of such are seen as not again, be assigned to a position in the Depart-

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as Director General or until the expiration of two years, whichever is shorter.

[(d) If a Foreign Service officer shall be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to a position, the period of his service in such capacity shall be construed as consti tuting an assignment for duty within the meaning of paragraph (a) of this section and such person shall not, by virtue of the acceptance of such an assignment, lose his status as a Foreign Service officer. Service in such a position shall not, however, be subject to the limitations concerning the duration of an assignment or concerning reassignment contained in that paragraph. Any Foreign Service officer who resigned from the Service, or retired in accordance with section 636 of this Act on or after November 14, 1957, but prior to the enactment of this sentence, for the purpose of accepting an immediate appointment to such a position, shall be considered as having been assigned to such other position under authority of this section as amended. Appropriate adjustment at the election of the officer may be made with respect to special contributions deposited immediately prior to resignation or retirement by any such officer under title VIII of this 'Act on salaries in excess of \$13,500.

[(d) If the basic minimum salary of the post ion to which an officer or employee of the Service is assigned pursuant to the terms of this section is higher than the salary such officer or employee is entitled to receive as an officer or employee of the Service, such officer or employee shall, during the period such difference in salary exists, receive the salary of the position in which he is serving in lieu of his salary as an officer or employee of the Service. Any salary paid under the provisions of this section shall be paid from appropriations made available for the payment of salaries of officers and employees of the Service and shall be the salary on the basis of which computations and payments shall be made in accordance with the provisions of title VIII.]

ASSIGNMENTS TO ANY GOVERNMENT AGENCY OR INTERNATIONAL OR-GANIZATION

Sec 571 (a) Any officer or employee of the Service may, in the discretion of the Secretary, be assigned or detailed for duty in any Government agency, or in any international organization, international commission, or international hody, such an assignment or combination of assignments to be for a period of not more than four years, except that under special circumstances the Secretary may extend this four-year period for not more than four additional years.

(b) It a Foreign Service officer shall be appointed by the President, by and a the the advice and consent of the Senate, or by the President alone to a position in any Government agency, any United States delegation or crossion to any international organization, in any international commession, or in any international body, the period at his service in such capacity shall be construed as constituting an assignment within the mounting of paragraph (a) of this section and such person shall not, by cother or the acceptance of such an assignment, lose his status as a Foreign Service where Service is such a position shall not, however be subject to the time late was someorning the durition of an assignment contained in that introng and

employee of the Service is assigned pursuant to the terms of this section is higher than the salary such officer or employee is entitled to receive as an officer or employee of the Service, such officer or employee shall, during the period such difference in salary exists, receive the salary and allow ances of the position in which he is neverly in lieu of his salary and allow ances as an officer or employee of the Service. Any salary paid unties the provisions of this section shall be the salary on the basis of which computations and payments shall be made in accordance with the properties of title VIII. No officer or employer of the Service who, subset quent to the date of enactment of the Foreign Service Act Amendments of 1960, is assigned to, or who, after June 30, 1961, occupies a position in the Department that is designated as a Foreign Service Officer pasition shall be entitled to receive a valary differential under the provisions of this paragraph.

[(e)] (d) The salary of an officer or employee assigned pursuant to the terms of this section shall be paid from appropriations made available for the payment of salaries of officers and employees of the Service. Such appropriations may be reimbursed, bowever, when the Secretary enters into reimbursement agreements [with heads of Government agencies] for all or any part of the salaries of officers or employees assigned to such agencies and payment is received pursuant thereto, or when an officer or employee of the Service is assigned to a position the salary of which is payable from other funds available to the Department.

(e) Any Foreign Service officer or employee assigned to duty in the continental United States between assignments abroad, and any Foreign Service officer of class 7 or 8 assigned to duty in the continental United States prior to assignment abroad shall receive, during the course of such period of assignment, a differential applied to basic salary of 8 per centum if without dependents, 11 per centum if with one to three dependents, and 13 per centum if with more than three dependents to assist in defraying the cost of quarters The provisions of this paragraph shall become effective July 1, 1961.

#### COMPULSORY SERVICE OF FOREIGN SERVICE OFFICERS IN THE . CONTINENTAL UNITED STATES

SEC. 572. Every Foreign Service officer shall, during his first fifteen years of service in such capacity, be assigned for duty in the continental United States in accordance with the provisions of section 571 for periods totaling not less than three years.

#### ASSIGNMENT FOR CONSULTATION OR INSTRUCTION

SEC, 573. (a) Any officer or employee of the Service may, in the discretion of the Secretary, be assigned or detailed to any Government agency for consultation or specific instruction either at the commencement, during the course of, or at the close of the period of his official service; and any such detail or assignment, if not more than four months in duration, shall not be considered as an assignment within the meaning of section 571.

(b) Any officer or employee of the Service may Le assigned or detailed for special instruction or training at or with public or private nonprofit institutions; trade, labor, agricultural, or scientific associations or concuerem! firms.

# Approved For Release 1999/08/27: CIA-RDP78-03721A000400020004-0 ASSIGNMENTS TO TRADE, LABOR, AGRICULTURAL, SCIENTIFIC, OR OTHER CONFERENCES

ment.

SEC. 574. An officer or employee of the Service may, in the discretion of the Secretary, be assigned or detailed for duty with domestic or international trade, labor, agricultural, scientific, or other conferences, congresses, or gatherings, including those whose place of meeting is in the continental United States; or for other special duties, including temporary details under commission not at his post or in the Depart-

ASSIGNMENTS TO FOREIGN GOVERNMENT

SEC. 575. The Secretary may, in his discretion, assign or detail an officer or employee of the Service for temporary service to or in cooperation with the government of another country in accordance with the provisions of the Act of May 25, 1938, as amended (52 Stat. 442; 53 Stat. 652; 5 U.S.C. 118e) with the appropriate provisions of titles III and IX of Public Law 402, Eightieth Congress (62 Stat. 7 and 13; 22 U.S.C. 1451-1453, 1478 and 1479).

#### [ASSIGNMENTS TO INTERNATIONAL ORGANIZATIONS

[Sec. 576. The Secretary may, in his discretion, assign or detail an officer or employee of the Service for temporary service to or in cooperation with an international organization in which the United States participates under the same conditions as those governing the assignment or detail of officers or employees of the Service to the government of another country in accordance with the provisions of the Act of May 25, 1938, as amended (52 Stat. 442; 53 Stat. 652; 5 U.S.C. 118e).

# [ASSIGNMENT OR DETAIL TO THE UNITED STATES NOT TO AFFECT PERSONNEL CEILINGS

[Sec. 577. An officer or employee of the Service assigned or detailed to the continental United States in accordance with the provisions of this Act shall not be counted as a civilian employee within the meaning of section 607 of the Federal Employees' Pay Act of 1945, as amended by section 14 of the Federal Employees' Pay Act of 1946.]

FOREIGN LANGUAGE KNOWLEDGE PREREQUISITE TO ASSIGNMENT

Sec. 578. The Secretary shall determine annually the number of Foreign Service Officer positions in a foreign country which shall be occupied only by an incumbent who has a useful knowledge of a language or dialect commonly used in such country. After December 31, 1963, the prescribed quota of language officers shall be maintained for each country: Provided, That the Secretary may make exceptions to this policy when special or emergency conditions exist. The Secretary shall establish foreign language standards for assignment abroad of officers and employees of the Service, and shall arrange for appropriate language training of such officers and employees at the Foreign Service Institute or elsewhere.

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TITLE VI-PERSONNEL ADMINISTRATION

"SEC. 601. For the purposes of this title—" of the purposes of this title—" (1) "Efficiency record" is the term which describes those materials, considered by the Director General to be pertinent to the preparation of an evaluation of the performance of an officer or employee of the Service.

(2) "Efficiency report" is the term which designates the analysis of the performance of an officer or employee made by his supervising officer or by a Foreign Service inspector in accordance with such regulations as may be prescribed by the Secretary.

# PART B-EFFICIENCY RECORDS

RESPONSIBILITY OF THE DIRECTOR GENERAL FOR THE KEEPING OF EFFICIENCY RECORDS

SEC. 611. The Director General, acting under the general direction of the Board of the Foreign Service, shall be responsible for the keeping of accurate and impartial efficiency records. Under his direction there shall be assembled, recorded, and preserved all available information in regard to the character, ability, conduct, quality, of work, industry, experience, dependability, and general usefulness of all officers and employees of the Service, including the reports of Foreign Service inspectors and the efficiency reports of supervising officers. The Director General shall undertake such statistical and other analyses as may be necessary to develop the validity and reliability of efficiency reporting forms and procedures.

#### TO WHOM RECORDS SHALL BE AVAILABLE

SEC. 612. The correspondence and records of the Department relating to the officers and employees of the Service, including efficiency records as defined in section 601(1) but not including records pertaining to the receipt, disbursement, and accounting for public funds, shall be confidential and subject to inspection only by the President, the Secretary, the Under Secretary, the Counselor of the Department, the legislative and appropriations committees of the Congress charged with considering legislation and appropriations for the Service or representative duly authorized by such committees, the members of the Board of the Foreign Service, the Director General, and such officers and employees of the Government as may be assigned by the Secretary to work on such records. Under such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe and in the interest of efficient personnel administration, the whole or any portion of an officiency record shall, upon written request, be divulged to the officer or employee to whom such record relates.

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PART C-PROMOTION OF FOREIGN SERVICE OFFICERS AND FOREIGN SERVICE RESERVE OFFICERS

promotion of Poreign Service officers at Selection of Secretary Service officers shall be made by the President, in accordance with such regulations as he may prescribe, by appointment to a higher class, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. Promotion shall be by selection on the basis of merit.

SEC. 622. The Secretary shall, by regulation, determine the minimum period Foreign Service officers must serve in each class and a standard for performance for each class which they must meet in order to become eligible for promotion to a higher class. In the event the Director General shall certify to the Board of the Foreign Service that a Foreign Service officer has rendered extraordinarily meritorious service, the Board of the Foreign Service may recommend to the Secretary that such officer shall not be required to serve such minimum period in class as a prerequisite to promotion, and the Secretary may exempt such officer from such requirement.

#### RECOMMENDATIONS FOR PROMOTION

Sec. 623. The Secretary is authorized to establish, with the advice of the Board of the Foreign Service, selection boards to evaluate the performance of Foreign Service officers, and upon the basis of their findings the Secretary shall make recommendations to the President for the promotion of Foreign Service officers. No person assigned to serve on any such board shall serve in such capacity for any two consecutive years.

## -PROMOTION OF FOREIGN BERVICE RESERVE OFFICERS

Sec. 624. Any Reserve officer may receive promotions from one class to a next higher class in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary.

#### [IN-CLASS PROMOTIONS] WITHIN-CLASS SALARY INCREASES OF FOREIGN SERVICE OFFICERS AND RESERVE OFFICERS

Sec. 625. Any Foreign Service officer or any Reserve officer, whose services meet the standards required for the efficient conduct of the work of the [Foreign] Service and who shall have been in a given class for a continuous period of nine months or more, shall, on the first day of each fiscal year, receive an increase in salary to the next higher rate for the class in which he is serving. [The] Without regard to any other law, the Secretary is authorized to grant to [a Foreign Service officer or a Reserve officer, in any class.] any such officer additional increases in salary, within the salary range established for the class in which he is serving, based upon especially meritorious service.

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RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN PROMOTIONS AND FUNCTIONAL AND GEOGRAPHIC AREA SPECIALIZATION

SEC 888. The achievement of the objectives of this Act requires increasing numbers of Foreign Service officers to acquire functional and generaphic area specializations and to pressue such specializations for a substantial part of their careers. Such specialization shall not in any way inhibit or prejudice the orderly advancement through class 1 of any such officer in the Foreign Service.

PART D-SEPARATION OF FOREIGN SERVICE OFFICERS AND

EMPLOYERS FROM THE SERVICE

OFFICERS WHO ARE CAREER AMBASSADORS ORUM THE LOCAL BLACK TO CAREER MUNISTERS .

SEC. 631. Any Foreign Service officer who is a career ambassador and or ribin or a career minister, other than one occupying a position as chief of mission L shall, I or any other position to which he has been appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, shall upon reaching the age of sixty-five, be retired from the Service and receive retirement benefits in accordance with the provisions of section 821, but whenever the Secretary shall determine Ian emergency to exist, he may, in the public interest,] it to be in the public interest, he may extend such an officer's service for a period not to exceed five years.

## FOREIGN SERVICE OFFICERS WHO ARE NOT CAREER MINISTERS

[Sec. 632. Any Foreign Service officer who is not a career ambassador or a career minister shall, upon reaching the age of sixty, be retired from the Service and receive retirement benefits in accordance with the provisions of section 821 but when the Secretary shall determine an emergency to exist, he may, in the public interest, extend such an officer's service for a period not to exceed five years.

PARTICIPANTS IN THE FOREIGN SERVICE RETIREMENT AND DISABILITY SYSTEM WHO ARE NOT CAREER AMBASSADORS OR CAREER MINISTERS

SEC. 632. Any participant in the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability System, other than one occupying a position as chief of mission or any other position to which he has been appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, who is not a career ambassador or a career minister shall, upon reaching the age of sixty, be retired from the Service and receive retirement benefits in accordance with the provisions of section 821, but whenever the Secretary shall determine it to be in the public interest, he may extend such participant's service for a period not to exceed five years.

#### SELECTION-OUT

SEC. 633. (a) The Secretary shall prescribe regulations concerning -(1) the maximum period during which any Foreign Service officer below the class of career minister shall be permitted to remain in class without promotion; and

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(2) the standard of performance which any such officer must maintain to remain in the Service.

(b) Any Foreign Service officer below the class of career minister who does not receive a promotion to a higher class within the specified period or who fails to meet the standard of performance required of officers of his class shall be retired from the Service and receive benefits in accordance with the provisions of section 634 (period 1288 substitution) and various and receive the standard of performance required of officers of the provisions of section 634 (period 1288 substitution) and various and provisions of section 634 (period 1288 substitution).

SELECTION-OUT BENEFITS

Sec. 634. (a) Any Foreign Service officer in classes 1, 2, or 3 who is retired from the Service in accordance with the provisions of section 633 shall receive retirement benefits in accordance with the provisions of section 821

(b) Any Foreign Service officer in classes 4, 5, 6, or 7 who is in tired from the Service in accordance with the provisions of section

633 shall receive—

(1) one-twelfth of a year's salary at his then current salary rate for each year of service and proportionately for a fraction of a year, but not exceeding a total of one year's salary at his then current salary rate, payable without interest, from the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund, in three equal installments on the 1st day of January following the officer's retirement and on the two anniversaries of this date immediately following: Provided, That in special cases, the Secretary may in his discretion accelerate or combine the installments; and

(2) a refund of the contributions made to the Foreign Service

Retirement and Disability Fund, with interest [thereon at 4 per centum, compounded annually ] as provided in section 841(a), except that in lieu of such refund such officer, if he has at least five years of service credit toward retirement under the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability System, excluding military or naval service that is credited in accordance with the provisions of section 851 or 852(a), may elect to receive retirement benefits on reaching the age of [sixty-two,] sixty in accordance with the provisions of section 821. In the event that an officer who was separated from [classes] class 4 or 5 and who has elected to receive retirement benefits dies before reaching the age of [sixtvtwo sixty, his death shall be considered a death in service within the meaning of section 832. In the event that an officer who was separated from [classes 6 and 7] class 6 or 7 and who has elected to receive retirement benefits dies before reaching the age of [sixty-two] sixty, the total amount of his contributions made to the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund. with

(c) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 3477 of the Revised Statutes, as amended (31 U.S.C. 203) or the provisions of any other law, a Foreign Service officer who is retired in accordance with the provisions of section 633 shall have the right to assign to any person or corporation the whole or any part of the benefits receivable by him pursuant to paragraph (b)(1) of this section. Any such assignment shall be on a form approved by the Secretary of the Treasury and a

provisions of section [841] 841(b).

interest [thereon: at 4 per centum, compounded annually] as provided in section 841(a), shall be paid in accordance with the

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copy thereof shall be deposited with the Secretary joi the Treasury by the officer executing the assignment.

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now it to 2 1 seems, voluntary retirement with the provide Retirement and Disability System who is at least fifty, years of age and has rendered twenty years of service, including service within the meaning of section 853, may on his own application and with the consent of the Secretary be retired from the Service and receive tenefits in accordance with the provisions of section 821.

8 10 GO SEPARATION FOR UNSATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE OF DUTY

SEC! 637. (a) The Secretary may, under such regulations as he may prescribe, separate from the Service any Foreign Service officer above class 8 on account of the unsatisfactory performance of his duties; but no such officer shall be so separated from the Service until he shall have been granted a hearing by the Board of the Foreign Service and the unsatisfactory performance of his duties shall have been established at such hearing.

(b) Any Foreign Service officer over forty-five years of age, separated from the Service in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, shall be retired upon an annuity computed in accordance with the provisions of section 821 but not in excess of 25 per centum of his per annum salary at the time of his separation.

(c) Any Foreign Service officer under forty-five years of age, separated from the Service in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, shall at the time of separation receive a payment equal to one year's salary or the refund of the contributions made by him to the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund, whichever shall be greater.

(d) Any payments made in accordance with the provisions of this section shall be made out of the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund.

#### BEPARATION FOR MISCONDUCT OR MALFEASANCE

SEC. 638. The Secretary shall separate from the Service any Foreign Service officer or Reserve officer who shall be guilty of misconduct or malfeasance in office, but no such officer shall be so separated from the Service until he shall have been granted a hearing by the Board of the Foreign Service and his misconduct or malfeasance shall have been established at such hearing. Any officer separated from the Service in accordance with the provisions of this section shall not be eligible to receive the benefits provided by title VIII of this Act, but his contributions to the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund shall be returned to him in accordance with the provisions of section 841(a).

PART E-PROMOTION OF FOREIGN SERVICE STAFF OFFICERS oil in the start of the start of

CLASS PROMOTION OF STAPPOPERSONNEL IS buildeles

#### [IN-CLASS PROMOTIONS OF STAYF OFFICERS AND DEMPLOYEES

Val[Sec.: 642. In-class promotion of staff officers and simplifyees shall be granted in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary.]

WITHIN CLASS AND LONGEVITY SALARY INCREASES

SEC. 642. (a) Under such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, any staff afficer or employee whose services meet the standards required for the efficient conduct of the work of the Service shall receive an increase in salary at periodic intervals to the next higher salary rate for the class in which he is serving. Without regard to any other law the Secretary is authorized to grant any such officer or employee additional increases in salary within the salary range established for the class in which he is serving, based upon specially meritorious service.

(b) Under such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, any staff officer or employee who has attained the maximum salary rate prescribed by section 415 for the class in which he is serving may be granted from time to time an additional salary increase beyond the maximum salary rate for his class in recognition of longevity or proficiency in the Service. Each such salary increase shall be equal to the maximum salary rate increase of the applicable class and no person shall receive more than four such salary increases while serving in the same class.

### PART F-SEPARATION OF STAFF OFFICERS AND EMPLOYEES

### FOR UNSATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE OF DUTY

SEC. 651. The Secretary may, under such regulations as he may prescribe, separate from the Service any staff officer or employee on account of the unsatisfactory performance of his duties, but no such officer or employee shall be so separated from the Service until he shall have been granted a hearing by the Board of the Foreign Service and the unsatisfactory performance of his duties shall have been established at such hearing.

#### FOR MISCONDUCT OR MALFEASANCE

SEC. 652. The Secretary shall separate from the Service any staff officer or employee who shall be guilty of misconduct or malfeasance in office, but no such officer or employee shall be so separated from the

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Service until he shall have been granted a hearing by the Board of the Foreign Service and his misconduct or malfeasance shall have been cetablished at such hearing.

THE PART GO PROMOTION AND SEPARATION OF ALLEM CLEARS AND conditions of the condition of the responsibility, be promoted norroword position in a ligher cless as

SEC. 661. Alien, clerks and employees shall receive propositions from one class to a higher class and in-class promotions in accordance with regulations prescribed by the Secretary, after the interior in Africa.

#### FOR CUNSATISFACTORY PERFORMANCE OF DUTY OF ZET

Sec. 662. The Secretary may, under such regulations as he may prescribe, separate from the Service any alien clerk or employee on account of the unsatisfactory performance of his duties. CALLS A CONTRACT ASSESSMENT

#### SEPARATION FOR MISCONDUCT OR MALFEASANCE

Sec. 663. The Secretary shall separate from the Service any alien clerk or employee who shall be found guilty of misconduct or malfeasance.

#### PART H-SEPARATION OF CONSULAR AGENTS:

SEC. 671. The Secretary may, under such regulations as he may prescribe, separate any consular agent from the Service on account of

(a) the unsatisfactory performance of his duties; or(b) misconduct or malicasance.

### PART I-INSPECTIONS

SEC. 681. The Secretary shall assign or detail Foreign Service officers as Foreign Service inspectors to inspect in a substantially uniform manner and at least once every two years the work of the diplomatic and consular establishments of the United States. Whenever the Secretary has reason to believe that the business of a consulate is not. being properly conducted and that it is necessary in the public interest. he may authorize any Foreign Service inspector to suspend the principal officer or any subordinate consular officer and to administer the office in the place of the principal officer for a period not exceeding ninety days. The Secretary may also authorize a Foreign Service inspector to suspend any diplomatic officer except a chief of mission. A Foreign Service inspector shall have the authority to suspend any other officer or employee of the Service.

#### TITLE VII -THE FOREIGN SERVICE INSTITUTE

#### ESTABLISHMENT OF THE INSTITUTE

SEC. 701. The Secretary shall, in order to furnish training and instruction to officers and employees of the Service and of the Department and to other officers and employees of the Government for whom training and instruction in the field of foreign relations is necessary,

administration of the Institute.

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and in, order to promote and loster programs of stilly incidental to
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such training, establish a Foreign Service Institute in its end to the institute. The Secretary may galeo provide to the ends to the process and institute and the institute of the institute and the training provided propagation of the gastistic of the gastistic and the training provided by the Secretary at the institute on elsewhere. officer of employee seed be considered as recent ing in sandaghone

THE DIRECTOR OF THE INSTITUTE TAPPOINTMENT, SALARFIAND DUTIES SEC. 702. The head of the Institute, who shall be known as its Director, shall be appointed by the Secretary. The Director shall under the general supervision of the Director General and under such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe, establish the basic procedures to be followed by the Institute; plan and provide for the general nature of the training and instruction to be furnished at the Institute; correlate the training and instruction to be furnished at the Institute with the training activities of the Department and other, Government agencies and with courses given at private inatitutions, that are designed or may serve to furnish training and instruction to officers and employees of the Service; encourage and foster such programs outside of the Institute as will be complementary to those of the Institute; and take such other action as may be required for the proper

#### AID TO NONPROFIT INSTITUTIONS

SEC. 703. The Secretary may, within the limits of such appropriations as may be made specifically therefor, make grants or furnish. such other gratuitous assistance as he may deem necessary or advisable to nonprofit institutions cooperating with the Institute in any of the programs conducted by the Director by authority of this title,

#### APPOINTMENT, ASSIGNMENT, AND DETAIL TO THE INSTITUTE

Sec. 704. (a) The Secretary may appoint to the faculty or staff of the Institute on a full- or part-time basis such personnel as he may deem necessary to carry out the provisions of this title in accordance with the provisions of the civil-service laws and regulations and the Classification Act of [1923] 1949, as amended, except that, when deemed necessary by the Secretary for the effective administration of this title, personnel may be appointed without regard to such laws and regulations, but any person so appointed shall receive a salary at one of the rates provided by the Classification Act of [1923] 1949, as amended. All appointments to the faculty or staff of the Institute shall be made without regard to political affiliations and shall be made solely on the basis of demonstrated interest in, and capacity to promote, the purposes of the Institute.

(b) The Secretary may, under such regulations as he may prescribe and on a full- or part-time basis, assign or detail officers and employ-

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receive training at the Institute.

The Secretary may, under such regulations as he may prescribe and one rull of part-time basis leading or detail an application of the Department, and, with the consecret of such and of the Department, and, with the consecret of such and of the Department, and, with the consecret of such and of the Department, and, with the consecret of such and of the department. The serve on the faculty of staff of the Institute of the receive training. During the period of his assignment of detail such officer or employee shall be considered as remaining in the president. officer or employee shall be considered as remaining in the positions from which assigned.

(d) It shall be the duty of the Director to make recommendations.

(d) It shall be the duty of the Director to make recommendationic to the Secretary with regard to the appointment, assignment, or detail of paragraph to serve on the faculty or staff of the Institute and the Secretary shall in each case take such recommendations like to consider a find in making such appointments, assignments or feetile in the secretary may under such regulations as he may interest in the absence of suitably qualified United States citizens employ nervines who are not citizens of the United States by appointment to the shift of the Institute either on a full-or part-time basis or by contract for services in the United States or abroad at rates not in excess of those provided by the Classification Act of 1949, as amended (5 U.S.C. 1071).

(1) The Secretary may, under such regulations as he may prescribe provide special monetary or other incentives not inconsistent with this Act to encourage, Foreign Service personnel to acquire or retain proficeincy:

Act to encourage Foreign Service personnel to acquire or retain proficiency in esoteric foreign languages or special abilities needed in the Service

#### . INSTRUCTION AND EDUCATION AT OTHER LOCALITIES THAN THE INSTITUTE

SEC. 705. The Secretary may, under such regulations as he may prescribe, pay the tuition and other expenses of officers and employees! of the Service, assigned or detailed in accordance with the provisions of section 573(b) for special instruction or training at or with public or private nonprofit institutions, trade, labor, agricultural, or scientific associations, or commercial firms.

## ENDOWMENTS AND GIFTS TO THE INSTITUTE

SEC. 706. The Secretary may accept, receive, hold, and administer gifts, bequests, or devises of money, securities, or property made for the benefit of, or in connection with, the Foreign Service Institute in accordance with part C of title X.

# ACQUISITION OF REAL PROPERTY FOR THE INSTITUTE AND RELIGIOUS

SEC. 707. The Secretary may, in the name of the United States, . acquire such real property as may be necessary for the operation and maintenance of the Institute and, without regard to section 3709 of the Revised Statutes, such other property and equipment as may be necessary for its operation and maintenance. ानि हता,

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TITLE WILL THE FOREIGN SERVICE RETIREMENT CONTROL OF THE PROPERTY OF STRIPLING TO SERVICE RETIREMENT OF STRIPLING TO SERVICE OF THE PROPERTY OF STRIPLING TO SERVICE OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PR RULES AND REGULATIONS

SEC. 801. (a) The President may prescribe rules and regulations for the maintenance of a Foreign Service Retirement and Disability System, originally established by section 18 of the Act of May 241 1924 (43 Stat. 144); referred to hereafter as the System. "Hits among (b) The Secretary shall administer the System in accordance with

such rules and regulations and with the principles established by 

#### MAINTENANCE OF FUND

SEC. 802. The Secretary of the Treasury shall maintain the special fund, known as the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund, referred to hereafter as the Fund, originally constituted by section 18. of the Act of May 24, 1924 (43 Stat. 144).

#### PARTICIPANTS

Sec. 803. (a) The following persons, hereafter referred to as participants, shall be entitled to the benefits of the System:

(1) All Foreign Service officers;

(2) All other persons making contributions to the Fund on the effective date of this Act;

(3) Any chief of mission who is not otherwise entitled to be a participant and who fulfills the conditions of paragraph (b) of this section;

(b) A person to become a participant in accordance with the provisions of paragraphs (a)(3) of this section must-

(1) have served as chief of mission for an aggregate period of twenty years or more, exclusive of extra service credit in accordance with the provisions of section 853; and

[(2) have paid into the Fund a special contribution equal to 5 per centum of his basic salary for each year of such service with interest thereon to date of payment, compounded annually at 4

(2) have paid into the Fund a special contribution for each year of such service in accordance with the provisions of section 852(b).

(c)(1) In accordance with such regulations as the President may prescribe, any Foreign Service staff officer or employee appointed by the Secretary of State who has completed at least ten years of continuous service in the Department's Foregin Service, exclusive of military service, shall become a participant in the System and shall make a special con-

tribution to the Fund in accordance with the provisions of section 852.

(2) Any such officer or employee who, under the provisions of paragraph (c)(1) of this section, becomes a participant in the System, shall be mandatorily retired for age during the first year after the effective date of this section if he attains age sixty-four or if he is over age sixty-four; during the second year at age sixty-three; during the third year at age sixty-two; during the fourth year at age sixty-one, and thereafter at age sixty.

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(3) Any officer or employee who becomes a participant in the System under the provisions of paragraph (c)(1) of this section who is age 57 or over on the effective date of this section, may retire voluntarily at any time before mandatory retirement under paragraph (c)(2) of this section and receive retirement benefits under section 821.

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#### ANNUITANTS

ESEC. 804. Annuitants shall be persons who are receiving annuities from the Fund on the effective date of this Act, persons who shall become entitled to receive annuities in accordance with the provisions of sections 519, 631, 632, 634, 636, 637, 831, 832, and 833, and sall widows and beneficiaries of participants who are entitled to receive annuities in accordance with the terms of this title.

SEC. 804. (a) Annuitants shall be persons who are receiving annuities from the Fund and all persons, including surviving wives and husbands, vidows, dependent widowers, children, and beneficiaries of participants or annuitants who shall become entitled to receive annuities in accordance with the provisions of this Act, as amended, or in accordance with the provisions of section 5 of the Act of May 1, 1956 (70 Stat. 125).

(b) When used in this title the term-

(1) "Widow" means the surviving wife of a participant who was married to such participant for at least two years immediately preceding his death or is the mother of issue by such marriage.

(2) "Dependent widower" means the surviving husband of a participant who was married to such participant for at least two years immediately preceding her death or is the father of issue by such marriage, and who is incapable of self-support by reason of mental or physical disability; and who received more than one-half of his support from such participant.

(8) "Child" means an unmarried child, under the age of eighteen years, or such unmarried child regardless of age who because of physical or mental disability incurred before age eighteen is incapable of self-support. In addition to the offspring of the participant and his or her spouse the term includes (a) an adopted child, and (b) a step-child or recognized natural child who received more than one-half of his support from the participant.

#### PART B- COMPULSORY CONTRIBUTIONS

[Sec. 811. Five per centum of the basic salary received by each participant shall be contributed to the Fund, and the Secretary of the Treasury is directed to cause such deductions to be made and the sums transferred on the books of the Treasury Department to the credit of the Fund for the payment of annuities, cash benefits, refunds, and allowances.]

SEC. 811. (a) Six and one-half per centum of the basic salary received by each participant shall be contributed to the Fund for the payment of annuities, cash benefits, refunds, and allowances. An equal sum shall also be contributed from the respective appropriation or fund which is used for payment of his salary. The amounts deducted and withheld from basic salary together with the amounts so contributed from the appropriation or fund, shall be deposited by the Department of State in the Treasury of the United States to the credit of the Fund.

(h) Each participant shall be desimed to consent and signer to such deductions from basic salary, and payment less such deductions shall be a full and complete discharge and acquittance of all claims and demands whatsoever for all regular services dividing the period covered by such payment, except the right to the benefits to which he shall be entitled under this Act, notwithstanding any law, rule, or regulation infecting the individual's salary.

PART C COMPUTATION OF ANNUTRES TO POST OF THE PART OF

SEC. 821. (a) The annuity of a participant shall be equility 2 per centum of his average basic salary for the highest five consecutive years of service, for which full contributions have been made to the Fund multiplied by the number of years service; not exceeding thirty-five years. Fund, multiplied by the number of years, not exceeding thirty-five, of service credit obtained in accordance with the provisions of sections 861, 852, and 855. However the highest five years of service for which full contributions have been made to the Fund shall be used in computing the annuity of any [Foreign Service officer] participant who serves as chief of mission, and whose continuity of service as such is interrupted prior to retirement by appointment or assignment to any other position determined by the Secretary to be of comparable importance. In determining the aggregate period of service upon which the annuity is to be based, the fractional part of a month, if any, shall not be counted.

[(b) At the time of his retirement, a participant, if the husband of a wife to whom he has been married for at least three years or who is the mother of issue by such marriage, may elect to receive a reduced annuity for himself and to provide for an annuity payable to his widow, commencing on the date following his death and continuing as long as she may live. The annuity payable to his widow shall in no case exceed 25 per centum of his average basic salary as computed in accordance with subsection (a) of this section, or 66% per centum of his reduced annuity. If the age of the participant is less than the age of the wife or exceeds her age by not more than eight years, the annuity of the participants will be reduced by an amount equal to one-half of the annuity which he elects to have paid to his widow. If the age of the participant exceeds the age of the wife by more than eight years, the annuity of the participant will be reduced by an amount equal to one-half the annuity which he elects to have paid to his widow plus an additional reduction equal to 2 per centum of such widow's annuity for each year; or fraction thereof, that the difference in age exceeds eight. The participant may at his option also elect to have his annuity reduced by an additional 5 per centum of the amount which he elects to have paid to his widow, with a provision that, from and after the death of his wife, if the participant shall survive her, the annuity payable to the participant shall be that amount which would have been payable if no option had been elected.

(b) At the time of retirement, any married participant may elect to receive a reduced annuity and to provide for an annuity payable to his wife or her husband, commencing on the date following such participant's death and terminating upon the death of such surviving wife or husband. The annuity payable to the surviving wife or husband after such participant's death shall be 50 per centum of the amount of the participant's

1999/08/2/: CIA-KDP/0-U3/2 IAUU-10U2-U3/2 annuity compated as prescribed in paragraph (a) of this section, up to the full amount of such annuity specified by him as the base for the surprior benefits. The annuity of the participant indicing such election shall be reduced by \$1, per centum of any amount up to \$5,000 he specifies as the the base for the survivor benefit plus 10 per centum of any amount over \$1,000 he specified.

[(c) A participant who is not married at the time of his returnment or who is married to a wife who is not entitled to an annuity in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section may

accordance with the provisions of paragraph (b) of this section may elect to receive a reduced annuity for himself and to provide for an additional annuity payable after his death to a beneficiary whose name shall be notified in writing to the Secretary at the time of his retirement and who is acceptable to the Secretary. The annuity payments payable to such beneficiary shall be either equal to the deceased participant's reduced annuity payments or equal to 50 per centum of such reduced annuity payments and upon the death of the surviving beneficiary all payments shall cease and no further annuity payments shall be due or payable. The combined actuarial value of the two annuities on the date of retirement as determined by the Secretary of the Treasury shall be the same as the actuarial value of the annuity provided by paragraph (a) of this section. No such election of a reduced annuity payable to a beneficiary other than a child of the participant shall be valid until the participant shall have satisfactorily passed a physical examination as prescribed by the Secretary. Annuity payments payable in accordance with the provisions of this section to a beneficiary who is a child of a participant shall cease when the beneficiary reaches the age of twenty-one years.]

(c)(1) If an annuitant dies and is survived by a wife or husband and by a child or children, in addition to the annuity payable to the surviving wife or husband, there shall be paid to or on behalf of each child an annuity equal to the smallest of: (i) 40 per centum of the annuitant's average basic salary, as determined under paragraph (a) of this section, divided by the . number of children; (ii) \$600; or (iii) \$1,800 divided by the number of

(2) If an annuitant dies and is not survived by a wife or husband but by a child or children, each surviving child shall be paid an annuity equal to the smallest of: (i) 50 per centum of the annuitant's average basic salary, as determined under paragraph (a) of this section, divided by the number of children; (ii) \$720; or (iii) \$2,160 divided by the number of children.

(d) If a surviving wife or husband dies or the annuity of a child is terminated, the annuities of any remaining children shall be recomputed and paid as though such wife, husband, or child had not survived the

participant.

(e) The annuity payable to a child under paragraph (c) or (d) of this section shall begin on the first day of the next month after the participant dies and such annuity or any right thereto shall be terminated upon death, marriage, or attainment of the age of eighteen years, except that, if a child is incapable of self-support by reasons of mental or physical disability, the annuity shall be terminated only when such child dies, marries, or recovers from such disability.

(f) At the time of retirement an unmarried participant may elect to receive a reduced annuity and to provide for an annuity equal to 50 per centum of the reduced annuity payable after his or her death to a beneficiary whose name shall be designated in writing to the Secretary. The annuity Approved For Release 1999/08/27: CIA-RDP78-03721A00040020004-0

payable to a participant making such election shall be reduced by 10 per centum of an annutry computed as provided in paragraph (a) of this section and by 5 per centum of an annutry so computed for each full fice yens, the person designated is younger than the retiring participant but such total reduction shall not exceed to per centum. No such election of a reduced annuity payable to a beneficiary shall be participant shall have entirely passed a physical examination as prescribed by the Secretary. The annuity payable to a beneficiary under the provisions of this paragraph shall begin on the first day of the next month after the participant dies. Upon the death of the surming beneficiary all payments shall cases and no further annuity payments anthorned under this paragraph shall be due or payable. under this paragraph shall be due or payable minimum in the principality

PART D BENEFITS ACCRUING TO GERTAIN PARTICIPANTS

BETTREMENT FOR DISABILITY OR INCAPACITY—PHYSICAL EXAMINATION RECOVERY Company of the first first

[Sec. 831. (a) Any participant who, after serving for a total period of not less than five years, becomes totally disabled or incapacitated for useful and efficient service by reason of disease or injury incurred in the line of duty but not due to vicious habits, intemperance, or willful misconduct on his part, shall, upon his own application or upon order of the Secretary, be retired on an annuity computed as prescribed in section 821. If the disabled or incapacitated participant has had less than twenty years of service at the time he is retired, his annuity shall be computed on the assumption that he had had twenty years of service.

[(b) In each case such disability shall be determined by the report of a duly qualified physician or surgeon, designated by the Secretary to conduct the examination. Unless the disability is permanent, a like examination shall be made annually until the annuitant has reached the retirement age as defined in sections 631 and 632, and the payment of the annuity shall cease from the date of a medical exam-

nation showing recovery. Fees for examinations under this provision, together with reasonable traveling and other expenses incurred in order to submit to examination, shall be paid out of the Fund.

L(c) When the annuity is discontinued under this provision before the annuitant has received a sum equal to the total amount of his contributions, with accrued interest, the difference shall be paid to him on his local representatives in the order of precedence prescribed him or his legal representatives in the order of precedence prescribed in section 841.]

SEC. 831. (a) Any participant who has five years of service credit toward retirement under the System, excluding military or naval service that is credited in accordance with provisions of section 851 or 852(a)(2), and who becomes totally disabled or incapacitated for useful and efficient service by reason of disease, illness, or injury not due to vicious habits, intemperance, or willful misconduct on his part, shall, upon his own application or upon order of the Secretary, be retired on an annuity computed as prescribed in section 821. If the disabled or incapacitated participant has less than twenty years of service credit toward his retirement under the System at the time he is retired, his annuity shall be computed on the assumption that he has had twenty years of service, but the additional service credit that may accrue to a participant under this

Approved For Release 1999/08/27: CIA-RDP78-03721A00040020004-0 provision shall in no case exceed the difference between his age at the time of relief which will be in the applicable to his class in the Stirile of the control of the extent that he can return to duty, the annuitant may apply for reinstatement of reappointment in the Service within one year from the date his recovery is determined. Upon application the Secretary shall reinstate any such recovered disability annuitant in the class in which he was serving at time of retirement, or the Secretary may, taking into conesideration the age, qualifications, and experience of such annuitant, and the present class of his contemporaries in the Service, appoint him of, in the case of an annutant who is a former Foreign Service officer, recommend that the President appoint him, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, to a class higher than the one in which he was serving prior to retirement. Payment of the annuity shall continue until a date six months after the date of the examination showing recovery or until the date of reinstatement or reappointment in the Service, whichever is earlier. Fees for examinations under this provision, together with reasonable traveling and other expenses incurred in order to submit to examination, shall be paid out of the Fund. If the annuitant fails to submit to examination as required under this section, payment of the annuity shall be suspended until continuance of the disability is satisfactorily established.

(c) If a recovered disability annuitant whose annuity is discontinued is for any reason not reinstated or reappointed in the Service, he shall be considered to have been separated within the meaning of section 834 as of the date he was retired for disability and he shall, after the discontinuance of the disability annuity, be entitled to the benefits of that section or of section 841(a) except that he may elect voluntary retirement in accordance with the provisions of section 636 if he can qualify under its

provisions. (d) No participant shall be entitled to receive an annuity under this Act and compensation for injury or disability to himself under the Federal Employees' Compensation Act of September 7, 1916, as amended, covering the same period of time. This provision shall not bur the right of any claimant to the greater benefit conferred by either Act for any part of the same period of time. Neither this provision nor any provision of the Act of September 7, 1916, as amended, shall be so construed as to deny the right of any person to receive an annuity under this Act by reason of his own services and to receive concurrently any payment under such Act of September 7, 1916, as amended, by reason of the death of any other

(e) Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the right of any person entitled to an annuity under this Act shall not be affected because such person has received an award of compensation in a lump sum under section 14 of the Act of September 7, 1916, as amended, except that where such annuity is payable on account of the same disability for which compensation under such section has been paid, so much of such compensation as has been paid for any period extended beyond the date such annuity becomes effective, as determined by the Secretary of Labor, shall be refunded to the Department of Labor, to be paid into the Federal Employees' Compensation Fund. Before such person shall receive such annuity he shall (1) refund to the Department of Labor the amount representing such computed payments for such extended period, or (2) authorize the deduction of such amount from the annuity payable to him under this Act, which amount shall be transmitted to such Department for reimbursement to such Fund. Deductions from such annuity may be made from accrued and accruing payments, or may be prorated against and paid from accruing payments in such manner as the Secretary of Labor shall determine, whenever he finds that the financial circumstances of the annuitant are such as to warrant such deferred refunding.

#### DEATH IN SERVICE

[Sec. 832. In case a participant shall die without having established a valid claim for annuity, the total amount of his contributions with interest thereon at 4 per centum per annum, compounded on June 30 of each year, except as provided in section 881 and as hereinafter provided in this section, shall be paid to his legal representatives in the order of precedence given under section 841 upon the establishment of a valid claim therefor. If the deceased participant rendered at least five years of service, and is survived by a widow to whom he was married for at least three years, or who is the mother of issue by such marriage, such widow shall be paid an annuity equal to the annuity which she would have been cutitled to receive if her husband had been retired on the date of his death and had elected to receive a reduced joint and survivorship annuity, computed as prescribed in section 821, providing the maximum annuity for his widow, unless prior to the date of his death he shall have elected, in lieu of such widow's annuity, and with the approval of the Secretary, to have his deductions returned with interest as provided in the first sentence of this section covering participants dying without having established a valid claim for annuity. If the deceased participant had had less than twenty years of service at the time of his death, the annuity payable to his widow shall be computed on the assumption that he had

had twenty years of service. I Sec. 832. (a) In case a participant dies and no claim for annuity is payable under the provisions of this Act, his contributions to the Fund, with interest at the rates prescribed in sections 841(a) and 881(a), shall be made in the contribution of the sections.

be paid in the order of precedence shown in section 841(b).

(b) If a participant who has at least five years of service credit toward retirement under the System, excluding military or naval service that is credited in accordance with the provisions of section 851 or 852(a)(2), dies before separation or retirement from the Service and is survived by a widow or a dependent widower, as defined in section 804, such widow or dependent widower shall be entitled to an annuity equal to 50 per centum of the annuity computed in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (e) of this section and of section 821(a). The annuity of such widow or dependent widower shall commence on the date following death of the participant and shall terminate upon death of the widow or

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dependent widower, or upon the dependent widowen's becoming capable of self-supriort.

(c) If a participant who has at least five years of service credit toward retirement under the System, excluding military or naval service that is credited in accordance with the provisions of section 861 or 852(4) dies before separation or retirement from the Service and as survived by a wife or a husband and a child or children, each surpiving child shall be entitled to an annuity computed in accordance with the provisions of section 821(a)(1). The child's annuity shall begin and be terminated in accordance with the provisions of section 821(e). Upon the death of the surviving wife or husband or termination of the annuity of a child, the annuities of any remaining children shall be recomputed and paid as though such wife or husband or child had not survived the participant was

(d) If a participant who has at least five years of service credit toward retirement under the System, excluding military or naval service that is credited in accordance with the provisions of section 851 or 852(a)(2), dies before separation or retirement from the Service and is not survived by a wife or husband, but by a child or children, each surviving child shall be entitled to an annuity computed in accordance with the provisions of section 821(c)(2). The child's annuity shall begin and terminate in accordance with the provisions of section 821(e). Upon termination of the annuity of a child, the annuities of any remaining children shall be recomputed and paid as though that child had never been entitled to the benefit.

(e) If, at the time of his or her death, the participant had less than twenty years of service credit toward retirement under the System, the annuities payable in accordance with paragraph (b) of this section shall be computed in accordance with the provisions of section 821 on the assumption he or she has had twenty years of service, but the additional, service credit that may accure to a deceased participant under this provision shall in no case exceed the difference between his or her age on the date of death and the mandatory retirement age applicable to his or her class in the Service. In all cases arising under paragraphs (h), (c), (d), or (e) of this section, it shall be assumed that the decrased participant was qualified for retirement on the date of his death. .

#### RETHREMENT OF PERSONS WHO ARE PARTICIPANTS UNDER SECTION 803(a)(3)

Sec. 853 (a) Any person who is a participant, has at least twenty years of service to his credit, and has reached the age of fifty years, but is not a Foreign Service officer at the time he is retired in accordance with the provisions of law governing retirement in the position that he occupies, shall be entitled to an annuity computed as prescribed in section 821.

(b) Any person who is a participant in accordance with the provisions of section \$93(a) 3 shall be entitled to voluntary retirement to the same extent and subject to the same conditions as a Foreign Service officer.

### DISCONTINUED SERVICE RETUREMENT

Sec. 834. (a) Any participant who reductarily separates from the Service after obtaining at least fire years of service eredit toward retirement under the System, excluding neithbory or naval service that is exceited in

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accordance with the provisions of section 851 or 852 (a)(2), may upon separation from the Service or at any time prior to becoming slighble for an annuity, elect to have his contributions to the Fund returned to him in accordance with the provisions of section 8414 or to leave his contributions in the Fund and receive an annuity, computed as prescribed in socien & 13

(b) If a participant who has qualified in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section to receive a deferred annuity commencing at the age of sixty dies before reaching the age of sixty his contributions to the Fund, with interest, shall be paid in accordance with the provisions of sections 841 and 881. The many as our non the man

#### PART E-DISPOSITION OF CONTRIBUTIONS AND INTEREST IN EXCESS! OF BENEFITS RECEIVED

SEC. 841. (a) Whenever a participant becomes separated from the Service without becoming eligible for an annuity or a deferred annuity: in accordance with the provisions of this Act, the total amount of contributions from his salary with interest thereon at 4 per centum: per annum, compounded annually [up to the date of such separation] at the end of each fiscal year through June 30, 1960; semiannually as of December 31, 1960; annually thereafter as of December 31, and proportionately for the period served during the year of separation including all contributions made during or for such period, except as provided in section 881, shall be returned to him.

(b) In the event that the total contributions of a retired participant, other than voluntary contributions made in accordance with the provisions of section 881, with interest [compounded annually] at 4 per centum per annum compounded annually as is provided in paragraph (a) of this section added thereto, exceed the total amount returned to such participant or to an annuitant claiming through him, in the form of annuities, accumulated at the same rate of interest up to the date the anamity payments cease under the terms of the annuity, the excess of the accumulated contributions over the accumulated annuity payments shall be paid in the following order of precedence, upon the establishment of a valid claim [therefor] therefor, and such payment shall be a bas to recovery by any other person:

(1) To the beneficiary or beneficiaries designated by the retired

participant in writing to the Secretary;

(2) If there be no such beneficiary, to the surviving wife or husband of such participant:

(3) If none of the above, to the child or children of such participant and descendants of deceased children by representation;

(3) If none of the above, to the parents of such participant or the survivor of them.

[2] If there be no such beneficiary, to the duly appointed executor or administrator of the estate of the retired participant.]

(5) If none of the above, to the daly appointed executor or administrator

of the estate of such participant;

L(3) If there be no such beneficiary, or executor or administrator, payment may be made to such person or persons as may appear in the judgment of the Secretary to be legally entitled thereto, and such payment shall be a ban to recovery by any other person.

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(6) If none of the above, to other next of kin of such participant as mayo be determined by the Secretary in his Judgment to be legally entitled thereto a many than a morning and such at least thereto. of (8) (6) The regression of inade pursuant to paragraph (b) (8) To (6) (6) of this section until after the expiration of thirty days from the death of the retired participant or his surviving aliquitants of the control participant or his surviving aliquitants of the control participant or his surviving aliquitants. (b) It a portraiped who kins quartified in

COMPUTATION OF LENGTH OF SERVICE TOR ANNUTTIES Sold to

ISEC. 851. For the purposes of this title, the period of service of a participant shall be computed from the effective date of appointments as Foreign Service officer, or, if appointed prior to July 1, 1924, as diplomatic secretary, consul general, consul, vice consul, deputy consul, consular assistant, consular agent, commercial agent, interpreter, or student interpreter, and shall include periods of service at different times as either a diplomatic or consular officer, or while on assignment: to the Department, or while on special duty or service in another department or establishment of the Government, or while on any assignment in accordance with the provisions of part H of title V, but all periods of separation from the Service and so much of any leaves of absence as may exceed six months in the aggregate in any calendar year shall be excluded, except sick leaves of absence for illness or injury incurred in the line of duty, with or without pay, and leaves of absences granted participants while performing active military or naval service in the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard of the United-States.

SEC. 851. For the purposes of this title, the period of service of a participant shall be computed from the effective date of appointment as a Foreign Service officer, or, if appointed prior to July 1, 1924, as an officer or employee of the Diplomatic or Consular Service of the United States, or from the date he becomes a participant under the provisions of this Act, as amended, but all periods of separation from the Service and so much of any leaves of absence without pay as may exceed six months in the aggregate in any calendar year shall be excluded, except leaves of absence while receiving benefits under the Federal Employees' Compensation Act of September 7, 1916, as amended, and leaves of absence granted participants while performing active and honorable military or naval service in the Army, Navy, Air Force, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard of the United States.

#### PRIOR SERVICE CREDIT

Sec. 852 (a) A participant may, subject to the provisions of this section, include in his period of service-

L(1) service performed as a civilian officer or employee of the Government prior to becoming a participant; and]

(1) civilian service in the executive, judicial and legislative branches of the Federal Covernment and in the District of Columbia govern-

-ment, prior to becoming a participant; and

(2) active and honorable military or naval service in the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Air Force, or Coast Guard of the United States

special contribution to the Fund equal to 5 per centum of the annual select for each year of service for which gradit is sought subsequent sold us 1, 1824, with interest thereon it date of payment compounded contributions on the contributions shall be sequent for periods of active military or he value vice in the Army Navy, Marine Corps, Air Force, or Coast Guard of the United States and the coming a participant. Any such participant may, under sprior to becoming a participant, Any anch participant may under such renditions as may be determined in each participant of the Secretary, pay such apocial contributions in installments during the

bean sinustage of his service. I have noted as sold of the service spith the provisions of paragraph (a) (1) of this section by making a special soutribution to the Lund equal to 5 per contum of his pasic angles selary ison each year of service for which credit is sought subsequent to July 1, 1924, and prior to the effective date of the Foreign Service Act Amendiments of 1960, and at 6% per centum thereafter with interest compounded annually at 4 per centum per annum to the date of payment, Any each person may, under such conditions as may be determined in each instance by the Secretary, pay such special contributions in installments.

at L(c) A special contribution to the Foreign Service Retirement and Disability Fund made by any participant on or after April 1, 1948, for the purpose of obtaining service credit in accordance with the provisions of section 852(a)(2) of the Foreign Service Act of 1946 for periods of active military or naval service in the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, Air Force, or Coast Guard of the United States shall be refunded. Such refund shall not include any interest covering the period such special contribution; or any part thereof, was on deposit in the Fund.

(c) (1) If an officer or employee under some other Government retirement system, becomes a participant in the System by direct transfer, such officer or employee's total contributions and deposits, including interest accrued thereon, except voluntary contributions, shall be transferred to the Fund effective as of the date such officer or employee becomes a participant in the System : Each such officer or employee shall be deemed to consent to the transfer of such funds and such transfer shall be a complete discharge and acquittance of all claims and demands against the other Government retirement fund on account of service rendered prior to becoming a participant in the System. ...

(2) No officer or employee, whose contributions are transferred to the Fund in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (c)(1) of this section, shall be required to make contributions in addition to those transferred, for periods of service for which full contributions were made to the other Government retirement fund, nor shall any refund be made to any such officer or employee on account of contributions made during any period to the other Government retirement fund, at a higher rate than that fixed by section 811 of this Act for contributions to the Fund. (3) No officer or employee, whose contributions are transferred to the Fund in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (c)(1) of this section, shall receive credit for periods of service subsequent to July 1, 1924, for which a refund of contributions has been made, or for which no contributions were made to the other Government retirement fund. A

participant may, however, obtain credit for such prior service by making

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a special contribution to the Fund in accordance with the provided of publishment (b) of this sections land and of not of not distance interest (b) of this sections land from and of not distance interest (b) of this sections land from the period of section of the land of section of the land of the section of the land of land of the land of land of land of land of the land of lan In connection with military or naval service oredited to a participant in accordance with the provisions of paragraph (a)(2) of this section.

ELECTRA SERVICE CREDIT FOR SERVICE AT UNHEALTHFUL POSTS OF

Hasso. 853) The President may from time to time establish a list of oplaces which by reason of climatic or other extreme conditions are to be classed as unhealthful posts, and each year of duty subsequent to January 1, 1900, at such posts inclusive of regular leaves of absence, of participants thereafter retired, shall be counted as one year and a half, and so on in like proportion in reckoning the length of service for the purpose of retirement, fractional months being considered as full months in computing such service, but no such extra credit for service at such unhealthful posts shall be credited to any participant who shall have been paid a salary differential in accordance with section 443, as amended, for such service performed subsequent to the date of enactment of the Foreign Service Act Amendments of 1955.

## CREDIT FOR SERVICE WHILE ON MILITARY LEAVE

SEC. 854. Contributions shall not be required covering periods of leave of absence from the Service granted a participant while performing active military or naval service in the Army, Navy, Marine Corps, or Coast Guard of the United States.

# RECOMPUTATION OF ANNUITIES OF CERTAIN FORMER PARTICIPANTS

Sec. 855. The annuity of each former participant under the System, who retired prior to July 28, 1956, and who at the time of his retirement had creditable service in excess of thirty years, shall be recomputed on the basis of actual years of creditable service not in excess of thirty-five years. Service which was not creditable under the System on the date a former participant retired, shall not be included as creditable service for the purpose of this recomputation. The annuities payable to such persons

shall, when recomputed, be paid at the rates so determined; but no still recomputation or any other action taken pursuant to this section shall operate to reduce the rate of the annuity any such person is entitled to receive under the System.

PART G MONEYS

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ESTIMATE OF APPROPRIATIONS NEEDED

SEC. 861. The Secretary of the Treasury shall prepare the estimates of the annual appropriations required to be made to the Fund, and shall make actuarial valuations of such funds at intervals of five years, or oftener if deemed necessary by him. The Secretary of State may expend from money to the credit of the Fund an amount not exceeding \$5,000 per annum for the incidental expenses necessary in administering the provisions of this title, including actuarial advice.

#### ANNUAL REPORT TO CONGRESS

Sec. 862. The Secretary shall submit annually to the President and to the Congress a comparative report showing the condition of the Fund and estimates of appropriations necessary to continue this title in full force.

#### INVESTMENT OF MONEYS IN THE FUND

Sec. 863. The Secretary of the Treasury shall invest from time to time in interest-bearing securities of the United States such portions of the Fund as in his judgment may not be immediately required for the payment of annuities, cash benefits, refunds, and allowances, and the income derived from such investments shall constitute a part of such Fund.

#### ATTACHMENT OF MONEYS

Sec. 864. None of the moneys mentioned in this title shall be assignable either in law or equity, or be subject to execution, levy, attachment, garnishment, or other legal process, except as provided in section 634(c).

## [PART H -OFFICERS REINSTATED IN THE SERVICE

[Sec. 871. A Foreign Service officer, reinstated in the Service in accordance with the provisions of section 520(b) shall, while so serving, be entitled in lieu of his retirement allowance to the full pay of the class in which he is temporarily serving. During such service, he shall make contributions to the Fund in accordance with the provisions of section 811. If the annuity he was receiving prior to his reinstatement in the Service was based on less than thirty-five years of service credit, the amount of his annuity when he reverts to the retired list, shall be recomputed on the basis of his total service credit.

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PART II—ANNUITANTS RECALLED, REINSTATED OR REAPPOINTED AND THE SERVICE OR REEMPLOYED IN THE GOVERNMENT TO STUDY OF SHOTS OF SHOTS

SEC. 871. Any annuitant recalled to duty in the Service in accordance with the provisions of section 520(b) or reinstand or reappointed in accordance with the provisions of section 831(b) shall, while so serving, be entitled in lieu of his annuity to the full salary of the class in which he is serving. During such service, he shall make contributions to the Fund in accordance with the provisions of section 811. When he reverts to his retired status, his annuity shall be determined anew in accordance with the provisions of section 821.

#### REEMPLOYMENT

SEC. 872. (a) Notwithstanding any other provision of law, any officer or employee of the Service, who has retired under this Act, as amended, and is receiving an annuity pursuant thereto, and who is reemployed in the Federal Government service in any appointive position either on a part-time or full-time basis, shall be entitled to receive the salary of the position in which he is serving plus so much of his annuity payable under this Act, as amended, which when combined with such salary does not exceed during any calendar year the basic salary such officer or employee was entitled to receive under sections 412 or 415 of the Act, as amended, on the date of his retirement from the Service. Any such reemployed officer or employee who receives salary during any calendar year in excess of the maximum amount which he may be entitled to receive under this paragraph shall be entitled to such salary in lieu of benefits hereunder.

(b) When any such retired officer or employee of the Service is reemployed, the employer shall send a notice to the Department of State of such reemployment together with all pertinent information relating thereto and shall cause to be paid, by transfer or otherwise, to the Department of State funds necessary to cover gross salary, employer contributions, and gross lump sum leave payment relating to the employment of the reemployed officer or employee. The Department of State shall make to and on behalf of the reemployed officer or employee payments to which he is entitled under the provisions of paragraph (a) of this section, and shall make those withholdings and deductions authorized and required by law.

(c) In the event of any overpayment under this section the Secretary of State is authorized to withhold the amount of such overpayment from the salary payable to such reemployed officer or employee or from his annuity.

### PART I.- VOLUNTARY CONTRIBUTIONS

SEC. 881. (a) Any participant may, at his option and under such regulations as may be prescribed by the President, deposit additional sums in multiples of 1 per centum of his basic salary, but not in excess of 10 per centum of such salary, which amounts together with interest at 3 per centum per annum, compounded [on Jene 30 of each year,] annually at the end of each fiscal year through June 30, 1960; semi-

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and proportionately for the period served during the year of December 31, including all contributions made during or far such period, shall, at the date of his retirement and at his election, be appropriate (1) cretifined to him in a lump sum or all factors and (2) used to purchase an additional life annuity data.

(3) used to purchase an additional life annuity for himself and to provide for a cash payment on his death toia beneficiary whose name shall be notified in writing to the Secretary by the partial " part; or ending the endings grant

(4) used to purchase an additional life annuity for himself and a life annuity commencing on his death payable to a being ficiary whose name shall be notified in writing to the Secretary by the participant with a guaranteed return to the beneficiary or his legal representative of an amount equal to the cash payment referred to in paragraph 3.

(b) The benefits provided by subparagraphs 2, 3, or 4 of paragraph (a) of this section shall be actuarially equivalent in value to the payment provided for by paragraph (a)(1) of this section and shall be calculated upon such tables of mortality as may be from time to time prescribed for this purpose by the Secretary of the Treasury.

(c) In case a participant shall become separated from the Service for any reason except retirement on an annuity, the amount of any additional deposits with interest at 3 per centum per annum, compounded [annually] as is provided in paragraph (a) of this section, made by him under the provisions of this paragraph shall be refunded in the manner provided in section 841 for the return of contributions. and interest in the case of death or [withdrawal from active service] separation from the Service.

(d) Any benefits payable to an officer or to his beneficiary in respect to the additional deposits provided under this paragraph shall be in

addition to the benefits otherwise provided under this title.

# TITLE IX-ALLOWANCES AND BENEFITS

PART A-ALLOWANCES AND SPECIAL ALLOTMENTS

QUARTERS, COST OF LIVING, AND REPRESENTATION ALLOWANCES

Sec. 901. In accordance with such regulations as the President may prescribe and notwithstanding the provisions of section 1765. of the Revised Statutes (5 U.S.C. 70), the Secretary is authorized to grant to any officer or employee of the Service who is a citizen of the United States --

(1) allowances, wherever Government owned or rented quarters are not available, for living quarters, heat, light, fuel, gas, and electricity, including allowances for the cost of lodging at temporary quarters, incurred by an officer or employee of the Service and the members of his family upon first arrival at a new post, for a period not in excess of three months after such first arrival or until the occupation of residence quarters, whichever period shall be shorter, up to but not in excess of the aggregate amount of the per diem that would be allowable to such

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officer or employee for himself and the members of his family for such period if they were in travel status;

lines (2) cost of living allowances; whenever the Secretary shall determine

(i) that the cost of living at a post abroad is proportionately so high that an allowance is necessary to enable an

has line nofficer or employee of the Service at such post to carry on his escilla cowork efficiently; ीत नाम के होता है। ज

-isome self (ii) that extraordinary and necessary expenses; not otherwise compensated for, are incurred by an officer or employee Bossaid of the Service incident to the establishment of his residence and a cat any post of assignment abroad or at a post of assignment vision the continental United States between assignments to TO 71 in posts abroad;

dream as a (iii) that an allowance is necessary to assist an officer or employee of the Service who is compelled by reason of dangerous, notably unhealthful, or excessive adverse living conditions at his post abroad or for the convenience of the Government to meet the additional expense of maintaining his wife and minor children elsewhere than in the country of

his assignment:

(iv) that extraordinary and necessary expenses, not otherwise compensated for, must be incurred by an officer or employee of the Service, by reason of his service abroad, in providing for adequate elementary and secondary education for his dependents; allowances under this subparagraph for any post shall not exceed the cost of obtaining such educational services as are ordinarily provided without charge by the public schools of the United States plus, in those cases where adequate schools are not available at the post, board and room, and periodic transportation between the post and the nearest locality where adequate schools are available; if any such officer or employee employs a less expensive method of providing such education, any allowance paid to him shall be reduced accordingly; no allowance shall be paid under this subparagraph for a dependent for whom a travel allowance has been paid under section 911(9);

(3) allowances in order to provide for the proper representation of the United States by officers or employees of the Service.

#### ALLOTMENT FOR OFFICIAL RESIDENCE OF CHIEF AMERICAN REPRESENTATIVE

SEC, 902. The Secretary may, under such regulations as he may prescribe, make an allotment of funds to any post to defray the unusual expenses incident to the operation and maintenance of official residences suitable for principal representatives of the United States at that post.

### ACCOUNTING FOR ALLOWANCES

SEC. 903. All such allowances and allotments shall be accounted for to the Secretary in such manner and under such rules and regulations as the President may prescribe. The Secretary shall report all such expenditures annually to the Congress with the budget estimates of the Department.

#### To describe the second of the contract of the second of th

hisec. 911. The secretary may; under sugar regulations as he shall

prescribe, pay ni and the and and ser sol month of the Service. including expenses incurred while traveling pursuant to orders

issued by the Secretary in accordance with the provisions of section 933 with regard to the granting of home leave;

(2) the travel expenses of the members of the family of an officer or employee of the Service when proceeding to or returning from his post of duty; accompanying him on authorized home leave; or otherwise traveling in accordance with authority granted pursuant to the terms of this or any other Act;

(3) the cost of transporting the furniture and household and personal effects of an officer or employee of the Service to his successive posts of duty and, on the termination of his services, to the place where he will reside;

(4) the cost of storing the furniture and household and personal effects of an officer or employee of the Service who is absent under orders from his usual post of duty, or who is assigned to a post to which, because of emergency conditions, he cannot take or at which he is unable to use, his furniture and household and personal

(5) the cost of storing the furniture and household and personal effects of an officer or employee of the Service on first arrival at a post for a period not in excess of three months after such first arrival at such post or until the establishment of residence quarters, whichever shall be shorter;

(6) the travel expenses of the members of the family and the cost of transporting the personal effects and automobile of an officer or employee of the Service, whenever the travel of such officer or employee is occasioned by changes in the seat of the

government whose capital is his post;

(7) the travel expenses and transportation costs incident to the removal of the members of the family of an officer or employee of the Service and his furniture and household and personal effects, including automobiles, from a post at which, because of the prevalence of disturbed conditions, there is imminent danger to life and property, and the return of such persons, furniture, and effects to such post upon the cessation of such conditions; or to such other post as may in the meantime have become the post to which such officer or employee has been assigned;

(8) the cost of preparing and transporting to their former homes in the continental United States or to a place not more distant, the remains of an officer or employee of the Service who is a citizen of the United States and of the members of his family

who may die abroad or while in travel status;

(9) the travel expenses incurred by an officer or employee of the Service who is assigned to a foreign post, in transporting dependents to and from United States ports of entry designated by the Secretary, to obtain an American secondary or college education, not to exceed one trip each way for each dependent for the purpose of obtaining each type of education.

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#### LOAN OF HOUSEHOLD FURNISHINGS AND EQUIPMENT

SEC. 912. The Secretary may, if he shall find it in the interests of the Government to do so as a means of eliminating transportation costs, provide officers and employees of the Service with basic household furnishings and equipment for use on a loan basis in personally fixed or leased residences.

### TRANSPORTATION OF [AUTOMOBILES] MOTOR VEHICLES

Sec. 918. The Secretary may, notwithstanding the provisions of any other law, transport for or on behalf of an officer or employee of the Service, a privately owned [automobile] motor vehicle in any case in which he shall determine that water, rail, or air transportation of the [automobile] motor vehicle is necessary or expedient for all or any part [or] of [all] the distance between points of origin and destination. Not more than one motor vehicle of any such officer or employee may be transported under authority of this section during any four-year period, except that, as a replacement for such motor vehicle, one additional motor vehicle of any such officer or employee may be so transported during such period upon approval, in advance, by the Secretary and upon a determination, in advance, by the Secretary that such replacement is necessary for reasons beyond the control of the officer or employee and is in the interest of the Government. After the expiration of a period of four years following the date of transportation under authority of this section of a privately owned motor vehicle of any officer or employee who has remained in continuous service outside the continental United States (excluding Alaska and Hawaii) during such period, the transportation of a replacement for such motor vehicle for such officer or employee may be authorized by the Secretary in accordance with this section.

#### PART C-COMMISSARY SERVICE

Sec. 921. (a) The Secretary may, under such regulations as he may prescribe, establish and maintain emergency commissary or mess services in such places abroad where, in his judgment, such services are necessary temporarily to insure the effective and efficient performance of the duties and responsibilities of the Service, such services to be available to the officers and employees of all Government agencies located in any such places abroad. Reimbursements incident to the maintenance and operation of commissary or mess service shall be at not less than cost as determined by the Secretary and shall be used as working funds: *Provided*, That an amount equal to the amount expended for such services shall be covered into the Treasury as miscellaneous receipts.

(b) The Secretary, under such regulations as he may prescribe, may authorize and assist in the establishment, maintenance, and operation, by officers and employees of the Service, of non-Government-operated commissary and mess services and recreation facilities at posts abroad, including the furnishing of space, utilities, and properties owned or leased by the United States for use by its diplomatic and consular missions. The provisions of the Foreign Service Buildings Act, 1926, as amended (22 U.S.C. 292–300), may be utilized by the Secretary in providing such assistance. Commissary or mess services and recreation facilities established pursuant to this subsection shall be

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abroad. Such services or facilities shall not be established in localities where another United States agency operates similar services or facilities unless the Secretary determines that such additional services or

facilities are necessary.

(6) Notwithstanding the last paragraph under the heading with sistence Department" in the Act of March 3, 1911 (10 U.S.O. 1258) or the provisions of any other law, charges at any post abroad by commissary or mess service or recreation facility authorized or assisted under this section shall be at the same rate for all civilian personnel of the Government serviced thereby, and all charges for supplies furnished to such a service or facility abroad by any Government agency shall be at the same rate as that charged by the identifier agency to its civilian commissary or mess services or regreation facilities. agency in shick L . . .

(d) Notwithstanding the provisions of section 5 of the Act of July 16, 1914, as amended (5 U.S.C. 78), the Secretary may authorize any-principal officer to approve the use of Government-owned vehicles located at his post for transportation of United States Government employees who are American citizens, and their dependents, to and from recreation facilities when public transportation is unsafe or is not available.

PART D-LEAVES OF ABSENCE

ORDERING RETURN OF PERSONNEL TO UNITED STATES ON LEAVES OF ABSENCE

SEC. 933. (a) The Secretary shall order to the continental United States, its Territories and possessions, on statutory leave of absence every officer and employee of the Service who is a citizen of the United States upon completion of two years' continuous service abroad or as soon as possible thereafter.

(b) While in the continental United States, its Territories and possessions, on leave, the service of any officer or employee shall be available for such work or duties in the Department or elsewhere as the Secretary may prescribe, but the time of such work or duties shall not

be counted as leave.

### RESERVE OFFICERS ASSIGNED TO THE SERVICE .

Sec. 934. (a) A Reserve officer, assigned to the Service from any Government agency shall, notwithstanding the provisions of any other how, he granted annual leave of absence and sick leave of absence in accordance with the provisions of part D of this title during the period

of his assignment.

(b) Under such regulations as the President may prescribe, a person assigned to the Service as a Reserve officer from any Government agency may, not withstanding the provisions of the Act of December 21, 1944 (58 Stat. 845; 5 U.S.C. 61b), transfer to the Service any annual or sick leave of absence standing to his credit at the time of his assignment to the Service. On his return to the agency by which he is regularly employed, he may transfer the aggregate of his accumulated and current annual and sick leave to that agency but the amount

Approved For Release 1999/08/27 CIA RDP78-03721A000400020004-0 officer or employee of the agency to which he is returning may have to his credition the date of his return als satisfant or early and and an arrive of the contract of t

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SEC. 935. Under such regulations as the President may prescribe an officer or amployed of the Service who resigns from the Service in order to accept an appointment in any Government agency may transfer to such Government agency any annual or sick leave of absence standing to his credit at the time of his resignation from the Service and any officer or employee of any Government agency who resigns from such agency in order to accept an appointment to the Sayion may transfer to the Service any annual or sick leave of absence standing to his credit at the time of his resignation from the Government agency in which he was employed, but in no event shall the amount of annual or sick leave of absence so transferred exceed the maximum amount of the annual or sick leave of absence which may be accumulated in either the Service or the Government agency to which such person is appointed, as the case may be.

#### APPLICATION OF ANNUAL AND SICK DEAVE ACT OF 1951

SEC. 936. The Annual and Sick Leave Act of 1951, as amended. (5 U.S.C. 2061 and the following), shall apply to career ministers and Foreign Service officers, who are not serving as chiefs of mission or who are not serving in a position in the Department which requires appointment by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate, and to Foreign Service Reserve officers who are commissioned as diplomatic or consular officers, or both, in accordance with section 524 of the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended, notwithstanding the provisions of section 202(c)(1)(A) of the Annual and Sick Leave Act of 1951, as amended.

#### PART E-MEDICAL SERVICES

#### EXPENSES OF TREATMENT

Sec. 941. (a) In the event an officer or employee of the Service who is a citizen of the United States incurs an illness or injury while such person is located abroad, which requires hospitalization or similar treatment, and which is not the result of vicious habits, intemperance, or misconduct on his part, the Secretary may, in accordance with such regulations as he may prescribe, pay for the cost of treatment of

such illness or injury.

(b) In the event a dependent of a United States citizen officer or employee of the Service who is stationed abroad, incurs an illness or injury while such dependent is located abroad, which requires hospitalization or similar treatment, and which is not the result of vicious habits, intemperance, or misconduct on his part, the Secretary may, in accordance with such regulations as he may prescribe, pay for that portion of the cost of treatment of each such illness or injury that exceeds \$35 up to a maximum limitation of one hundred and twenty days of treatment for each such illness or injury, except that

on the basis of professional medical advice, shall determine that such

illness or injury clearly is caused by the fact that such dependent is or has been located abroad in a surprise on the operation of the medical production plan authorized in subsections (a) and (b) of this section has been obtained at determined by the Saint (b) of this section has been obtained, as determined by the Secretary, and if he considers that the benefits so authorized can be provided for as well and as cliesply in other ways, the Secretary may, under such regulations, and for such persons, locations, and conditions as he may deem appropriate, and within the limits prescribed in such subsections, contract for medical care pursuant to such arrangements; insurance, medical service, or health plans as he may deem appropriate.

# TRANSPORTATION TO APPROVED HOSPITALS

SEC. 942. (a) In the event an officer or employee of the Service who is a citizen of the United States or his dependents incurs an illness or injury requiring hospitalization, not the result of vicious habits, intemperance, or misconduct, while stationed abroad in a locality where there does not exist a suitable hospital or clinic, the Secretary may, in accordance with such regulations as he may prescribe, pay the travel expenses of such person by whatever means he shall deem appropriate and without regard to the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and section 10 of the Act of March 3, 1933, as amended (68 Stat. 808, 5 U.S.C. 73b), to the nearest locality where a suitable hospital or clinic exists, and on his recovery pay for the travel expenses of his return from such hospital or clinic. If any such officer, employee or dependent is too ill to travel unattended, the Secretary may also pay the round-trip travel expenses of an attendant or attendants.

(b) The Secretary may establish a first-aid station and provide for the services of a physician, a nurse, or other medical personnel at a post at which, in his opinion, sufficient personnel is employed to war-

rant such a station.

# PHYSICAL EXAMINATIONS AND COSTS OF INOCULATIONS

SEC. 943. The Secretary shall, under such regulations as he may prescribe, provide for physical examinations for applicants for employment and for officers and employees of the Service who are citizens of the United States, and for their dependents, including examinations necessary to establish disability or incapacity in accordance with the provisions of section 831, and shall provide for administering inoculations or vaccinations to such officers and employees and their dependents.

## TITLE X MISCELLANEOUS

### PART A-PROHIBITIONS

#### AGAINST UNIFORMS

Sec. 1001. An officer or employee of the Service holding a position of responsibility in the Service shall not wear any uniform except such as may be authorized by law or such as a military commander may require civilians to wear in a theater of military operations.

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AGAINST ACCEPTING PRESENTS

SEC. 1002. An officer or employee of the Service shall not ask or, without the consent of the Congress, receive, for himself or any other person, any present, emolument, pecuniary favor, office, or title from any foreign government. A chief of mission or other principal officer may, however, under such regulations as the President may prescribe, accept gifts made to the United States or to any political subdivision thereof by the government to which he is accredited or from which he holds an exequatur.

#### AGAINST ENGAGING IN BUSINESS ABROAD HER BY A SEC

SEC. 1003. An officer or employee of the Service shall not, while holding office, transact or be interested in any business or engage for profit in any profession in the country or countries to which he is assigned abroad in his own name or in the name or through the agency of any other person, except as authorized by the Secretary.

AGAINST CORRESPONDENCE ON AFFAIRS OF FOREIGN GOVERNMENTS

SEC. 1004. (a) An officer or employee of the Service shall not correspond in regard to the public affairs of any foreign government except with the proper officers of the United States, except as authorized by the Secretary.

(b) An officer or employee of the Service shall not recommend any person for employment in any position of trust or profit under the government of the country to which he is detailed or assigned, except as authorized by the Secretary.

. AGAINST POLITICAL, RACIAL, RELIGIOUS, OR COLOR DISCRIMINATION

Sec. 1005. In carrying out the provisions of this Act, no political test shall be required and none shall be taken into consideration, nor shall there be any discrimination against any person on account of race, creed, or color.

PART B - BONDS

Sec. 1011. Every secretary, consul general, consul, vice consul, Foreign Service officer, and Foreign Service Reserve officer, and, if required, any other officer or employee of the Service or of the Department before he enters upon the duties of his office shall give to the United States a bond in such form and in such penal sum as the Secretary shall prescribe, with such sureties as the Secretary shall approve. conditioned without division of penalty for the true and faithful performance of his duties, including (but not by way of limitation) certifying vouchers for payment, accounting for, paying over, and delivering up of all fees, moneys, goods, effects, books, records, papers, and other property that shall come to his hands or to the hands of any other person to his use as such officer or employee under any law now or hereafter enacted and for the true and faithful performance of all other duties now-or hereafter lawfully imposed upon him as such officer or employee, and such bond shall be construed to be conditioned for the true and faithful performance of all officual duties of whatever character now or hereafter lawfully imposed upon hun.

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or by him assumed incident to his employment as an officer or employee of the Government. Notwithstanding any other provisions of daw. upon approved of any bond given putsuant to this Act the principal shall not be required to give another coparate bond conditioned for the true and faithful performance of only a part of the duties for which the bond given pursuant to this Act is conditioned. The bond of an officer or employee of the Service shall be construed to be conditioned for the true and faithful performance of all acts of such officer incident to his office regardless of whether appointed or commissioned as diplomatic; consular, Foreign Service officer, or other officer of the Service. The bonds herein mentioned shall be deposited with the Secretary of the Treasury. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to obviate the necessity of furnishing any bond which may be required pursuant to the provisions of the Subsistence Expense Act of 1926, as amended (44 Stat. 688; 47 Stat. 405; 56 Stat; 39; 5 U.S.C: 821-823, 827-833).

### PART C-GIFTS

SEC, 1021, (a) The Secretary may accept on behalf of the United States gifts made unconditionally by will or otherwise for the benefit of the Department including the Service or for the carrying out of any of its functions. Conditional gifts may be so accepted [if recommended by the Director General at the discretion of the Secretary and the principal of and income from any such conditional gift shall be held, invested, reinvested, and used in accordance with its conditions, but no gift shall be accepted which is conditioned upon any expenditure not to be met therefrom or from the income thereof unless such

expenditure has been approved by Act of Congress.

(b) Any unconditional gift of money accepted pursuant to the authority granted in paragraph (a) of this section, the net proceeds from the liquidation (pursuant to paragraph (c) or paragraph (d) of this section) of any other property so accepted, and the proceeds of insurance on any such gift property not used for its restoration, shall be deposited in the Treasury of the United States and are hereby appropriated and shall be held in trust by the Secretary of the Treasury for the benefits of the Department including the Service, and he may invest and reinvest such funds in interest-boaring obligations of the United States or in obligations guaranteed as to both principal and interest by the United States. Such gifts and the income from such investments shall be available for expenditure in the operation of the Department including the Service and the performance of its functions, subject to the same examination and audit as is-provided for appropriations made for the Department including the Service by Congress.

(c) The evidences of any unconditional gift of intangible personal property, other than money, accepted pursuant to the authority granted in paragraph (a) of this section, shall be deposited with the Secretary of the Treasury and he, in his discretion, may hold them, or liquidate them except that they shall be liquidated upon the request of the Secretary whenever necessary to meet payments required in the operation of the Department including the Service or the performance of its functions. The proceeds and income from any such property held by the Secretary of the Treasury shall be available

for expenditure as is provided in paragraph the of this section

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sonal property accepted unconditionally pursuant to the authority granted in paragraph (a) of this section and he shall permit such property to be used for the operation of the Department including the such property, and may insure such property, and deposit the recome thereof with the Secretary of the Treasury to be available for expenditure as provided in paragraph (b) of this section. The income from any such real property or tangible personal property shall be available for expenditure in the discretion of the Secretary for the maintenance, preservation, or repair and insurance of such property and any procoeds from insurance may be used to restore the property insured; Any such property when not required for the operation of the Depart ment including the Service or the performance of its functions may be liquidated by the Secretary, and the proceeds thereof deposited with the Secretary of the Treasury, whenever in his judgment the purposes of the gifts will be served thereby.

(e) For the purpose of Federal income, estate, and gift taxes, any gift, devise, or bequest accepted by the Secretary under authority of this Act shall be deemed to be a gift, devise, or bequest to or for the use of the United States.

### ACT OF AUGUST 1, 1956 (PUBLIC LAW 885, 84TH CONG.)

AN ACT To provide certain basic authority for the Department of State.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That the Secretary of State is authorized to establish, maintain, and operate passport and despatch agencies.

SEC. 2. The Secretary of State, when funds are appropriated therefor, may-

(a) provide for printing and binding outside the continental United States without regard to section 11 of the Act of March 1, 1919 (44 U.S.C. 111);

(b) pay the cost of transportation to and from a place of storage and the cost of storing the furniture and household and personal effects of an employee of the Foreign Service who is assigned to a post at which he is unable to use his furniture and effects, under such regulations as the Secretary may prescribe;

(c) employ aliens, by contract, for services abroad; (d) provide for official functions and courtesies;

(e) purchase uniforms; and

(f) pay tort claims, in the manner authorized in the first paragraph of section 2672, as amended, of title 28 of the United States Code when such claims arise in foreign countries in connection with Department of State operations abroad.

SEC. 3. The Secretary of State is authorized to-(a) obtain insurance on official motor vehicles operated by the Department of State in foreign countries, and pay the expenses incident thereto;

(b) rent tie lines and teletype equipment;

(c) provide ice and drinking water for United States Embassies and Consulates abroad;

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(d) pay excise taxes on negotiable instruments which are negotiated by the Department of State abroad

(e) pay the actual expenses of preparing and transporting to their former homes the remains of persons, not United States Covernment employees, who may die away from their homes while participating in international educational exchange activities under the jurisdiction of the Department of State.

(f) pay expenses incident to the relief, protection, and burial of American seamen, and alien seamen from United States vessels in foreign countries and in the United States Territories and

possessions;

(g) pay the expenses incurred in the acknowledgment of the services of officers and crews of foreign vessels and aircraft in rescuing American seamen, airmen, or citizens from shipwreck or other catastrophe abroad or at sea;

(h) rent or lease, for periods of less than ten years, such offices, buildings, grounds, and living quarters for the use of the Foreign Service abroad as he may deem necessary, and make payments

therefor in advance; and

(i) maintain, improve, and repair properties rented or leased pursuant to authority contained in subsection (h) of this section and furnish fuel, water, and utilities for such properties.

SEC. 4. The Secretary of State is authorized to-

(a) make expenditures, from such amounts as may be specifically appropriated therefor, for unforeseen emergencies arising in the diplomatic and consular service and, to the extent authorized in appropriation Acts, funds expended for such purposes may be accounted for in accordance with section 291 of the Revised Statutes (31 U.S.C. 107); and

(b) delegate to subordinate officials the authority vested in him by section 291 of the Revised Statutes pertaining to certifi-

cation of expenditures.

Sec. 5 The Secretary of State is authorized to-

(a) provide for participation by the United States in international activities which arise from time to time in the conduct of foreign affairs for which provision has not been made by the terms of any treaty, convention, or special Act of Congress: Provided, That this subsection shall not be construed as granting authority to accept membership for the United States in any international organization, or to participate in the activities of any international organization for more than one year without approval by the Congress; and

(b) pay the expenses of participation in activities in which the United States participates by authority of subsection (a) of this section, including, but not limited to the following:

(1) Employment of aliens;

(2) Travel expenses without regard to the Standardized Government Travel Regulations and to the rates of per diem allowances in lieu of subsistence expenses under the Travel Expense Act of 1949, as amended (5-U.S.C. 835-842);

(3) Travel expenses of persons serving without compensation in an advisory capacity while away from their homes or regular places of business not in excess of those authorized for regular

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The standard of the complexes the connection with said international activities; and the standard of international activities; and the standard of international activities; and the standard of international connection with said international connection with said international connection and the standard of an appropriate functional meeting an conference, and the furnitional standard an international meeting an conference, and the furnitional standard authorized in the advance by the Secretary of State oils but the United Nations Participation Act of 1945, as amended (22 U.S.C. 2870), and regulations there under applicable to expenses incurred pursuant to that Actions there-

under, applicable to expenses incurred pursuant to that Actumey be applicable to the obligation and expenditure of funds in connection with United States participation in the International Civil Aviation Organization.

Organization. ... Sep. 7. The exchange allowances oppoproceeds derived from the exchange or sale of passenger motor vehicles in possession of the Foreign Service abroad, in accordance, with section 201(c) of the Act of June 30, 1949 (40 U.S.C. 481(c)), shall be available without fiscal year limitation for replacement of an equal number of such vehicles.

SEC. 8. The Secretary of State may, when authorized in an appropriation or other law, transfer to any department, agency, or independent establishment of the Gavernment, with the consent of the head thereof, any funds appropriated to the Department of State, for direct expenditure by such department, agency, or independent estab-

lishment for the purposes for which the funds are appropriated. Sec. 9. The Secretary of State is authorized to enter into contracts in foreign countries involving expenditures from funds appropriated or otherwise made available to the Department of State, without regard to the provisions of section 8741 of the Revised Statutes (41 U.S.C. 22): Provided, That nothing in this section shall be construed to waive the provisions of section 431 of title 18 of the United States Gode.

SEC. 10. Appropriated funds made available to the Department of State for expenses in connection with travel of personnel outside the continental United States, including travel of dependents and transportation of personal effects, household goods, or automobiles of such personnel shall be available for such expenses when any part of such travel or transportation begins in one fiscal year pursuant to travel orders issued in that year, notwithstanding the fact that such travel or transportation may not be completed during that same fiscal year.

SEC. 11. Notwithstanding the provisions of section 16(a) of the Act of August 2, 1946 (5 U.S.C. 78(e)), the Secretary of State may authorize any chief of diplomatic mission to approve the use of Government-owned vehicles or taxicabs in any foreign country for transportation of United States Government employees from their residence to the office and return when public transportation facilities . other than taxicals are unsafe or are not available.

SEC. 12. The Secretary of State, with the approval of the Bureau of . the Budget, shall prescribe the maximum rates of per diem in lieu of subsistence (or of similar allowances therefor) payable while away from their own countries to foreign participants in any exchange of persons program, or in any program of furnishing technical information and assistance, under the jurisdiction of any Government

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of law in limitation thereof [.], and the Secretary may provide for the payment of such other expenses as he deems appropriate to assure a suitable program for any participant coming to the United States under the exchange of persons program administered by the Department of State, Sec. 13. Allowances granted under section 901(1) of the Foreign Service Act of 1946 (22 U.S.C. 1131(1)), may include water, in addi-

tion to the utilities specified.

SEC. 14. Appropriations now or hereafter made available for allowances granted under the authority in part A of title IX of the Foreign Service Act of 1946, as amended (22 U.S.C. 1131), including an allowance for water as authorized in section 13 of this Act shall be available for the payment of such allowances in advance.

SEC. 15. Appropriations to carry out the purposes of this Act are hereby authorized. When so provided in an appropriation law, an appropriation made to the Department of State may remain available.

until expended.

### SECTION 104 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE OF 1954

#### SEC. 104. COMPENSATION FOR INJURIES OR SICKNESS.

(a) In General.—Except in the case of amounts attributable to (and not in excess of) deductions allowed under section 213 (relating to medical, etc., expenses) for any prior taxable year, gross income does not include—

(1) amounts received under workmen's compensation acts as

compensation for personal injuries or sickness;

(2) the amount of any damages received (whether by suit or

agreement) on account of personal injuries or sickness;

- (3) amounts received through accident or health insurance for personal injuries or sickness (other than amounts received by an employee, to the extent such amounts (A) are attributable to contributions by the employer which were not includible in the gross income of the employee, or (B) are paid by the employer); and
- (4) amounts received as a pension, annuity, or similar allowance for personal injuries or sickness resulting from active service in the armed forces of any country or in the Coast and Geodetic Survey or the Public Health Service, or as a disability annuity payable under the provisions of section 831 of the Forcian Service Act of 1946, as amended (22 U.S.C. 1081; 60 Stat. 1021).

(b) Cross References.---

(1) For exclusion from employee's gross income of employer contributions to accident and health plans, see section 106.

(2) For exclusion of part of disability retirement pay from the application of subsection (a)(4) of this section, see section 402(h) of the Career Compensation Act of 1949 (37 U.S.C. 272(h)).